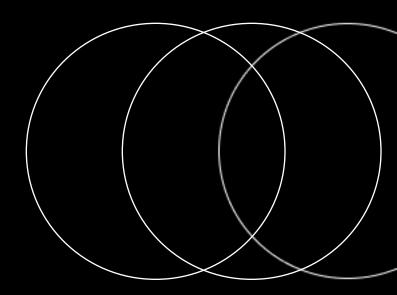
# Product Comparison

powered by cove



# GAF Products vs Industry-standard Products

**GAF** 

Jeff Terry jeff.terry@gaf.com

04/29/2025



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#### Comparison

# 01

#### Polyiso Insulation + Roofing Membrane

40.50%

<4%

Average Savings in Embodied Carbon

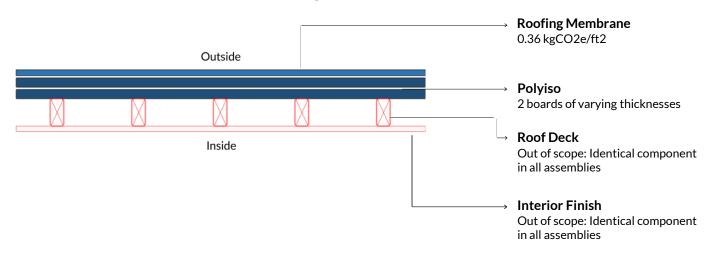
Average Savings in Energy Use Intensity (EUI)

This section of the report outlines the comparison of a wall assembly that includes

- 1. Two layers of polyiso insulation and
- 2. A roofing membrane.

The chapter provides a detailed comparison of such an industry standard assembly against 3 similar GAF Assemblies across five distinct building types and six different climate zones, examining their performance and efficiency in various environmental conditions.

#### **Industry-Standard Assembly being compared**

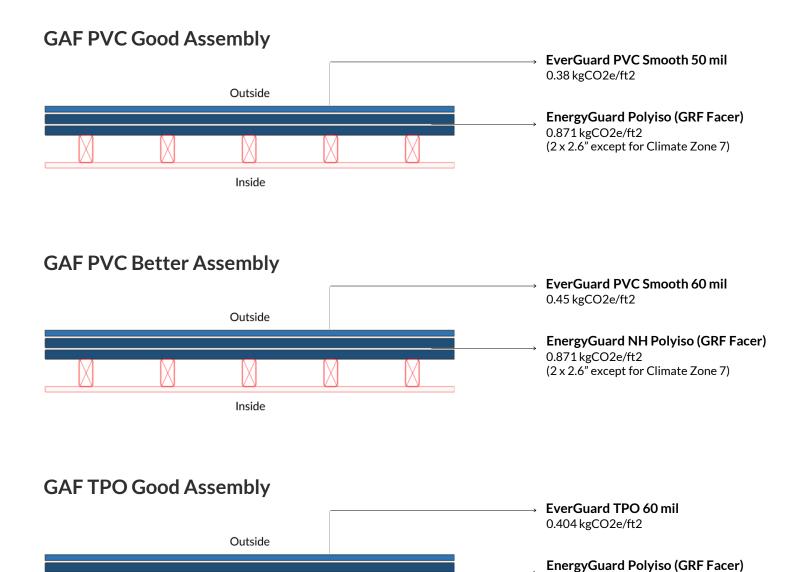


# GAF Assemblies

Rigid Insulation thicknesses are adjusted based on climate zone and Roof (Insulation Entirely Above Deck) U-factor requirements to comply with ASHRAE 2019 standards. The manufacturer offers specific thicknesses, and the one that best aligns with ASHRAE specifications is selected.

0.871 kgCO2e/ft2

(2 x 2.6" except for Climate Zone 7)



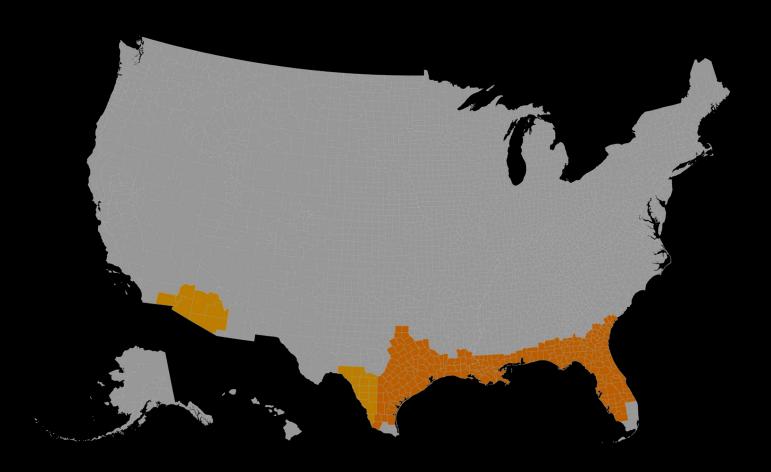
Inside

<sup>\*</sup> For Climate Zone 7, the thickness has been increased to 3.2" because 2 boards of 2.6" do not satisfy the minimum R-value requirements of ASHRAE 2019

#### Climate Zone

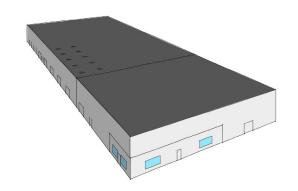
# 02

ASHRAE Climate Zone 2 is classified as a **hot-dry climate**, according to the guidelines set by the American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers (ASHRAE). This zone is characterized by having **fewer than 4500 heating degree days** and **more than 4500 cooling degree days** (based on a base of 10°C). The hot-dry conditions are prevalent with very low annual precipitation and high temperatures that demand extensive cooling measures. Regions typically falling within this climate zone include areas of the **Southwestern United States such as portions of Arizona and Texas**. Buildings in this zone benefit from strategies aimed at reducing cooling loads, such as high thermal mass, adequate insulation, and ventilation that maximizes nighttime cooling.



#### Data Center- Zone 2A (Houston, TX)

## **Embodied Carbon**



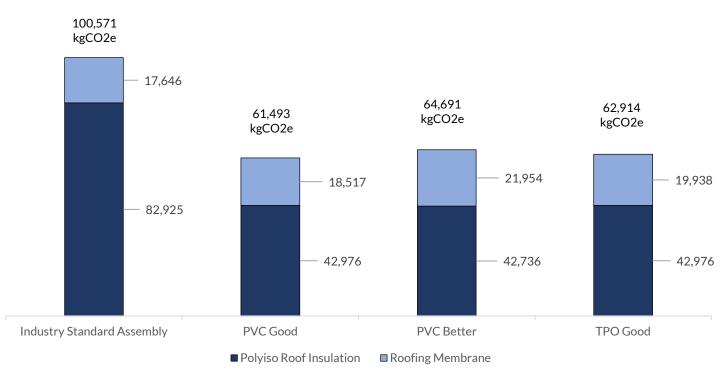
GAF PVC Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 38.86%

Savings in Embodied Carbon

GAF PVC Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 35.68%

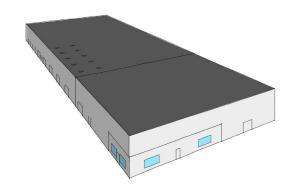
Savings in Embodied Carbon

GAF TPO Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 37.44%



Data Center- Zone 2A (Houston, TX)

# **Energy Use Intensity**



GAF PVC Good vs Industry-standard Assembly -0.01%

Savings in Energy Use Intensity

GAF PVC Better vs Industry-standard Assembly -0.01%

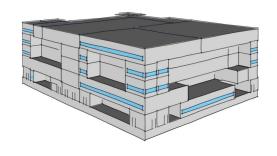
Savings in Energy Use Intensity

GAF TPO Good vs Industry-standard Assembly -0.01%

<sup>7</sup> 

#### Hospital - Zone 2A (Houston, TX)

### **Embodied Carbon**



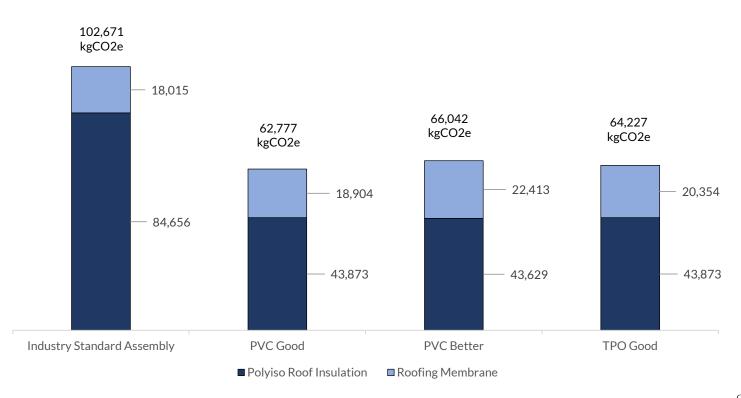
GAF PVC Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 38.86%

Savings in Embodied Carbon

GAF PVC Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 35.68%

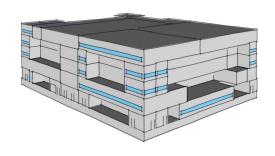
Savings in Embodied Carbon

GAF TPO Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 37.44%



Hospital - Zone 2A (Houston. TX)

# **Energy Use Intensity**



GAF PVC Good vs Industry-standard Assembly -0.04%

Savings in Energy Use Intensity

GAF PVC Better vs Industry-standard Assembly -0.04%

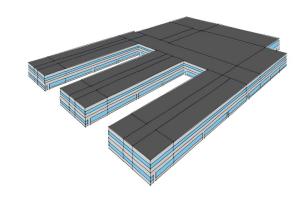
Savings in Energy Use Intensity

GAF TPO Good vs Industry-standard Assembly -0.04%

<sup>9</sup> 

#### Secondary School - Zone 2A (Houston, TX)

## **Embodied Carbon**



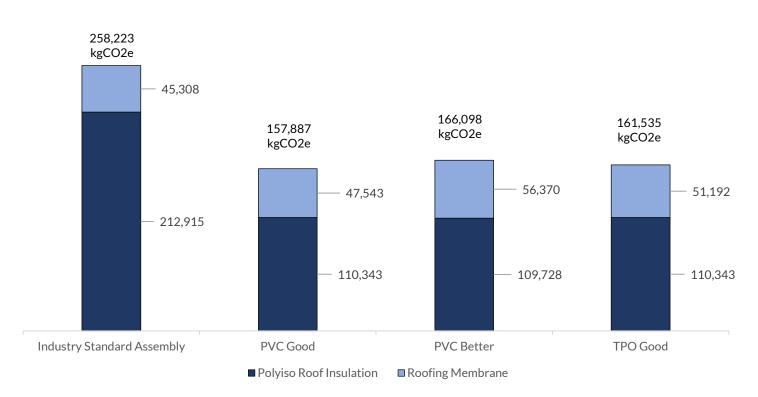
GAF PVC Good vs Industry-standard Assembly **38.86%**Savings in Embo

Savings in Embodied Carbon

GAF PVC Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 35.68%

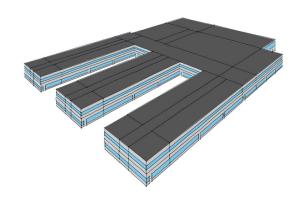
Savings in Embodied Carbon

GAF TPO Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 37.44%



Secondary School - Zone 2A (Houston, TX)

# **Energy Use Intensity**



GAF PVC Good vs Industry-standard Assembly **-0.30%**Savings in Energy Use

Intensity

GAF PVC Better vs Industry-standard Assembly - 0.30 %

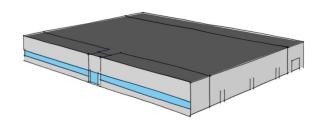
Savings in Energy Use Intensity

GAF TPO Good vs Industry-standard Assembly - 0.30 %

<sup>11</sup> 

#### Retail - Zone 2A (Houston, TX)

### **Embodied Carbon**



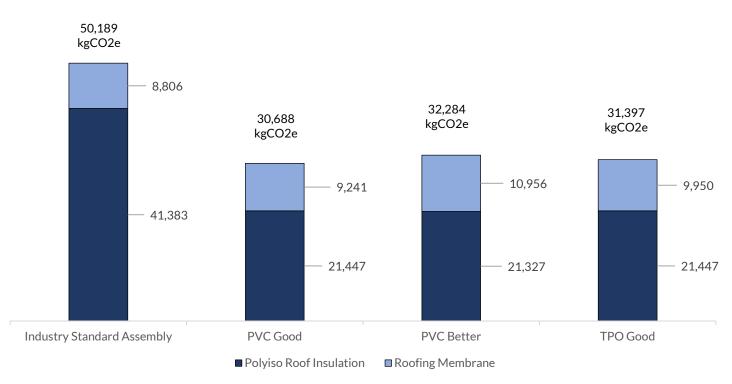
GAF PVC Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 38.86%

Savings in Embodied Carbon

GAF PVC Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 35.68%

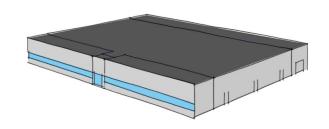
Savings in Embodied Carbon

GAF TPO Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 37.44%



#### Retail - Zone 2A (Houston, TX)

# **Energy Use Intensity**



GAF PVC Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 0.88%

Savings in Energy Use Intensity

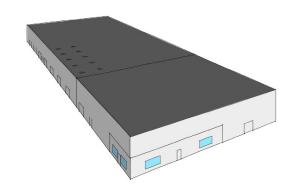
GAF PVC Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 0.88%

Savings in Energy Use Intensity

GAF TPO Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 0.88%

#### Warehouse - Zone 2A (Houston, TX)

## **Embodied Carbon**



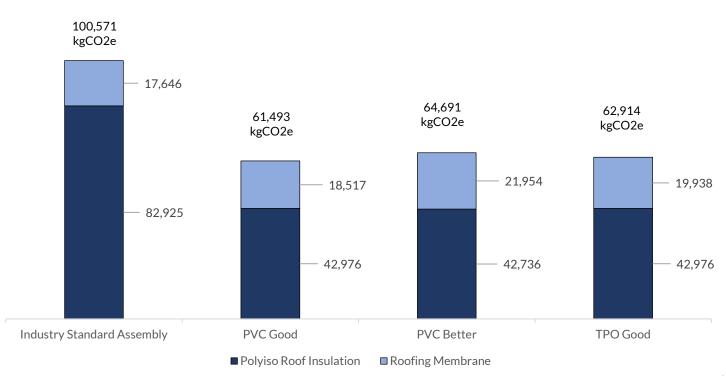
GAF PVC Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 38.86%

Savings in Embodied Carbon

GAF PVC Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 35.68%

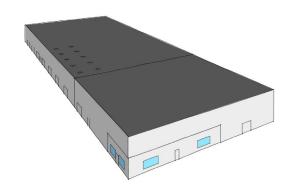
Savings in Embodied Carbon

GAF TPO Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 37.44%



Warehouse - Zone 2A (Houston, TX)

## **Energy Use Intensity**



GAF PVC Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 2.57%

Savings in Energy Use Intensity

GAF PVC Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 2.57%

Savings in Energy Use Intensity

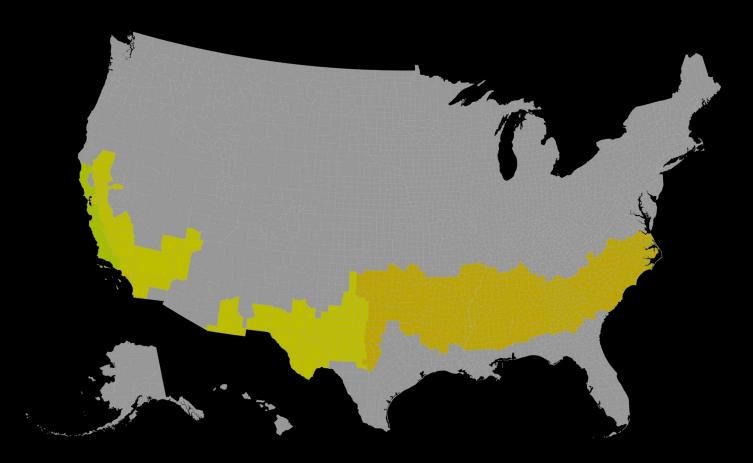
GAF TPO Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 2.57%

<sup>15</sup> 

#### Climate Zone

# 03

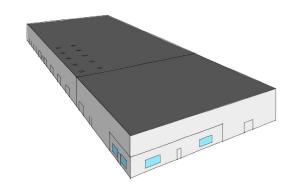
ASHRAE Climate Zone 3 is defined as a warm-humid climate according to the American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers (ASHRAE). This zone experiences fewer than 4500 heating degree days and between 4500 to 9000 cooling degree days (based on a base of 10°C). The warm-humid conditions in this zone necessitate strategies for managing both cooling and humidity control. It covers many southeastern U.S. states including regions of Texas, Louisiana, Mississippi, Alabama, Georgia, and South Carolina. Architectural design in this area focuses on optimizing air sealing and insulation to maintain comfortable indoor environments while minimizing the reliance on energy-intensive air conditioning systems. Features such as overhangs, shaded areas, and vapor barriers are commonly utilized to enhance building performance in this climate.



Atlanta, Georgia

#### Data Center-Zone 3A (Atlanta, GA)

## **Embodied Carbon**



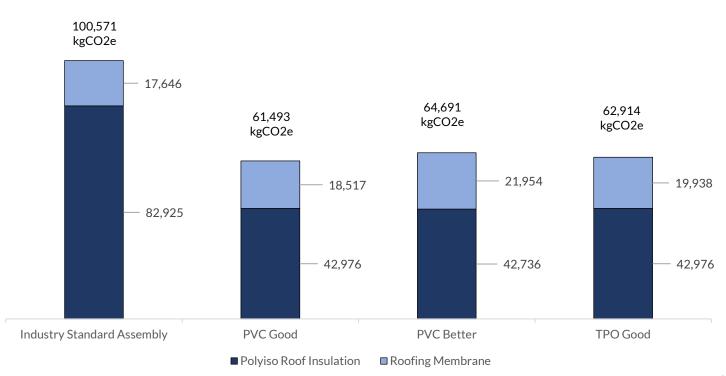
GAF PVC Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 38.86%

Savings in Embodied Carbon

GAF PVC Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 35.68%

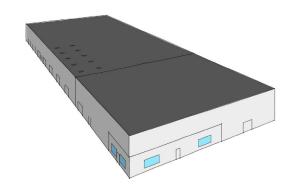
Savings in Embodied Carbon

GAF TPO Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 37.44%



Data Center-Zone 3A (Atlanta, GA)

# **Energy Use Intensity**



GAF PVC Good vs Industry-standard Assembly -0.01%

Savings in Energy Use Intensity

GAF PVC Better vs Industry-standard Assembly -0.01%

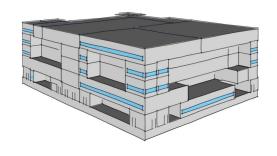
Savings in Energy Use Intensity

GAF TPO Good vs Industry-standard Assembly -0.01%

<sup>18</sup> 

#### Hospital - Zone 3A (Atlanta, GA)

### **Embodied Carbon**



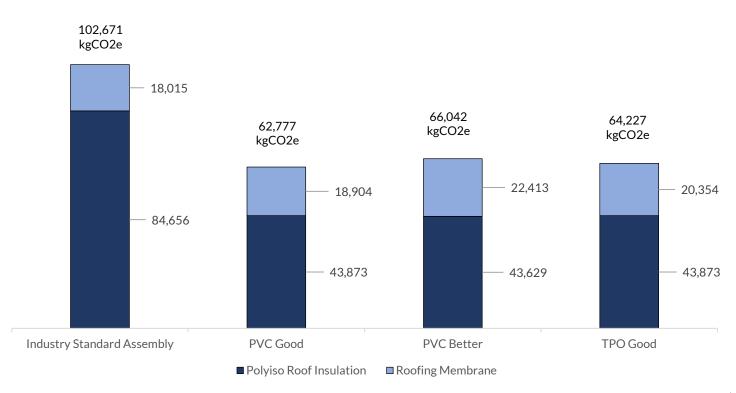
GAF PVC Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 38.86%

Savings in Embodied Carbon

GAF PVC Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 35.68%

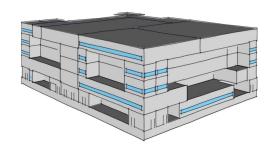
Savings in Embodied Carbon

GAF TPO Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 37.44%



Hospital - Zone 3A (Atlanta, GA)

## **Energy Use Intensity**



GAF PVC Good vs Industry-standard Assembly **0.19%**Savings in Energy Use Intensity

GAF PVC Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 0.19 %

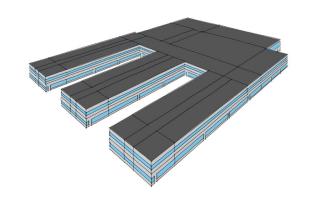
Savings in Energy Use Intensity

GAF TPO Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 0.19 %

<sup>20</sup> 

#### Secondary School - Zone 3A (Atlanta, GA)

## **Embodied Carbon**



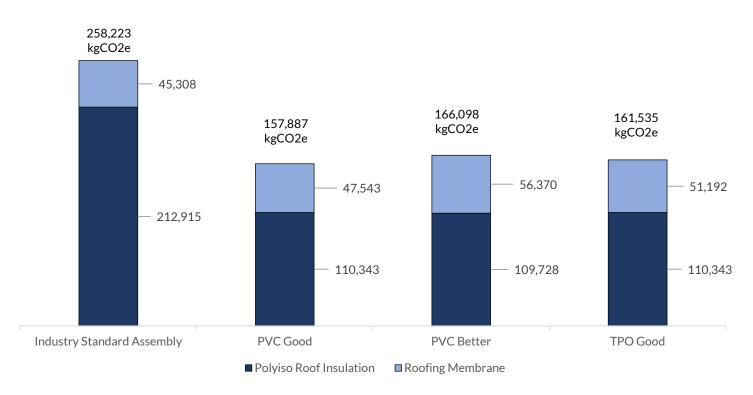
GAF PVC Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 38.86%

Savings in Embodied Carbon

GAF PVC Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 35.68%

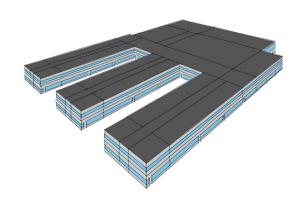
Savings in Embodied Carbon

GAF TPO Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 37.44%



Secondary School - Zone 3A (Atlanta, GA)

## **Energy Use Intensity**



GAF PVC Good vs Industry-standard Assembly

Savings in Energy Use Intensity

-0.11%

GAF PVC Better vs Industry-standard Assembly - 0.11 %

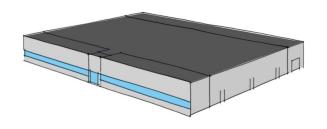
Savings in Energy Use Intensity

GAF TPO Good vs Industry-standard Assembly - 0.11 %

<sup>22</sup> 

#### Retail - Zone 3A (Atlanta, GA)

## **Embodied Carbon**



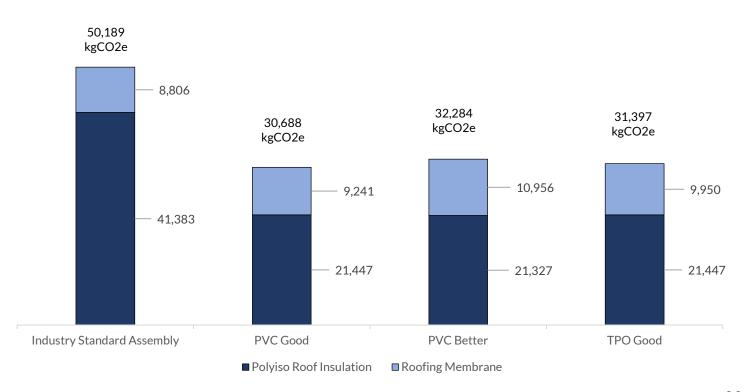
GAF PVC Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 38.86%

Savings in Embodied Carbon

GAF PVC Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 35.68%

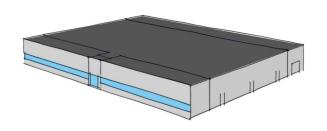
Savings in Embodied Carbon

GAF TPO Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 37.44%



Retail - Zone 3A (Atlanta, GA)

## **Energy Use Intensity**



GAF PVC Good vs Industry-standard Assembly **1.75%** 

Savings in Energy Use Intensity

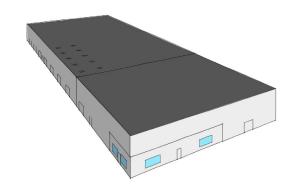
GAF PVC Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 1.75%

Savings in Energy Use Intensity

GAF TPO Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 1.75 %

Warehouse - Zone 3A (Atlanta, GA)

## **Embodied Carbon**



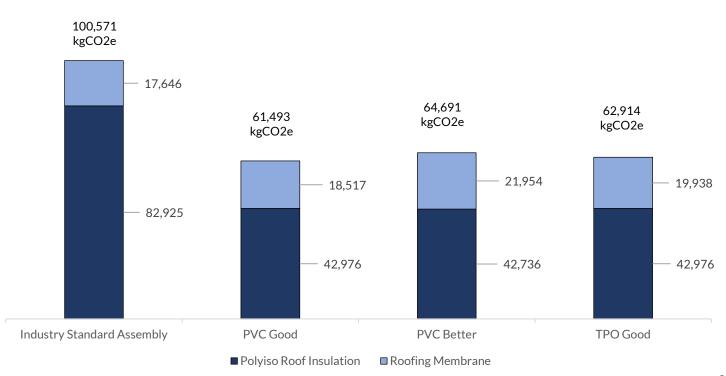
GAF PVC Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 38.86% Savings in Embodied

Carbon

GAF PVC Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 35.68%

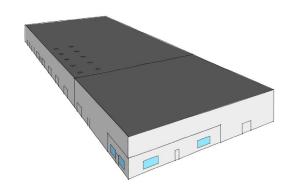
Savings in Embodied Carbon

GAF TPO Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 37.44%



Warehouse - Zone 3A (Atlanta, GA)

## **Energy Use Intensity**



GAF PVC Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 4.08%

Savings in Energy Use Intensity

GAF PVC Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 4.08%

Savings in Energy Use Intensity

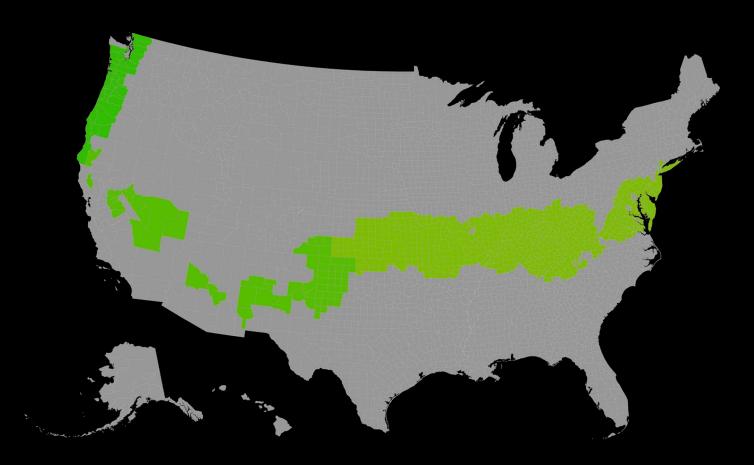
GAF TPO Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 4.08 %

<sup>26</sup> 

#### Climate Zone

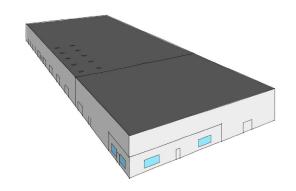
# 04

ASHRAE Climate Zone 4 is designated as a **mixed-humid climate**, according to the standards established by the American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers (ASHRAE). This zone experiences **fewer than 4500 heating degree days** and **between 4500 to 9000 cooling degree days** (based on a base of 10°C). The climate here includes distinct seasonal variations with both moderate heating in winter and significant cooling requirements in the summer, necessitating versatile climate control solutions in buildings. Zone 4 covers parts of the **Mid-Atlantic, including some regions of Virginia, North Carolina, Tennessee, and as far west as parts of Kansas and Oklahoma**. Effective strategies in this climate typically involve balanced insulation, energy-efficient windows, and moisture control systems to handle the relatively high humidity and varying temperatures throughout the year.



#### Data Center-Zone 4A (Baltimore, MD)

## **Embodied Carbon**



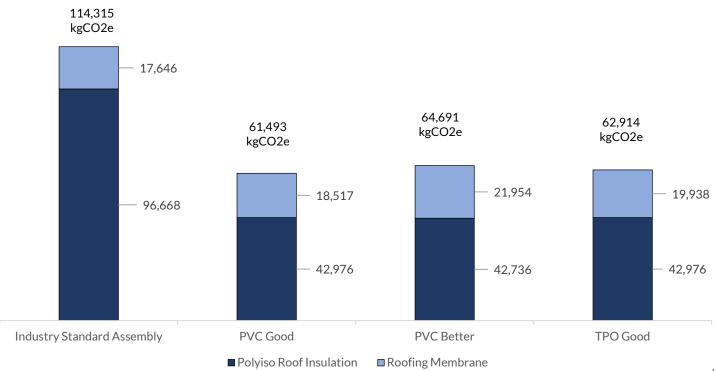
GAF PVC Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 46.21%

Savings in Embodied Carbon

GAF PVC Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 43.41%

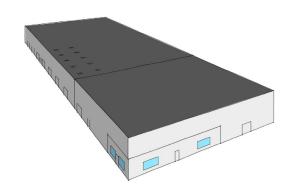
Savings in Embodied Carbon

GAF TPO Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 44.96%



Data Center-Zone 4A (Baltimore, MD)

## **Energy Use Intensity**



GAF PVC Good vs Industry-standard Assembly

Savings in Energy Use Intensity

0.00%

GAF PVC Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 0.00%

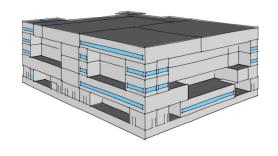
Savings in Energy Use Intensity

GAF TPO Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 0.00%

<sup>29</sup> 

#### Hospital - Zone 4A (Baltimore, MD)

### **Embodied Carbon**



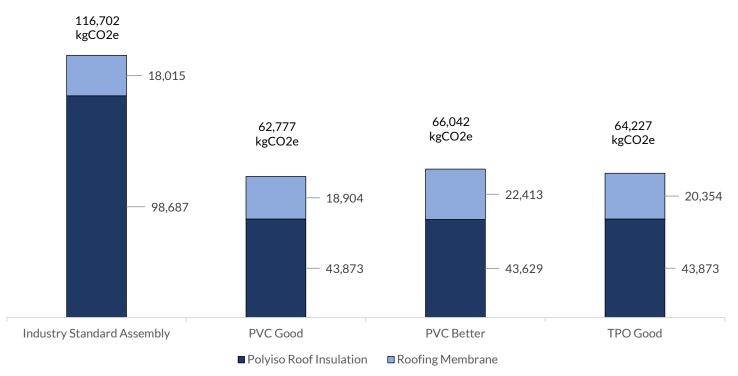
GAF PVC Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 46.21%

Savings in Embodied Carbon

GAF PVC Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 43.41%

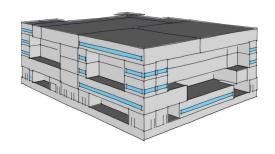
Savings in Embodied Carbon

GAF TPO Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 44.96%



Hospital - Zone 4A (Baltimore, MD)

# **Energy Use Intensity**



GAF PVC Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 0.00%

Savings in Energy Use Intensity

GAF PVC Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 0.00%

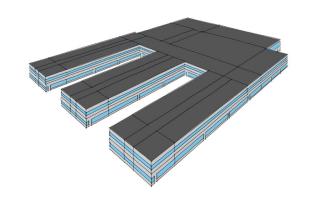
Savings in Energy Use Intensity

GAF TPO Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 0.00%

<sup>31</sup> 

#### Secondary School - Zone 4A (Baltimore, MD)

## **Embodied Carbon**



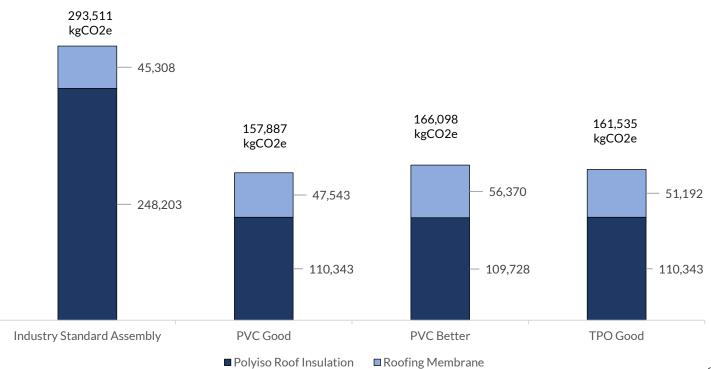
GAF PVC Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 46.21%

Savings in Embodied Carbon

GAF PVC Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 43.41%

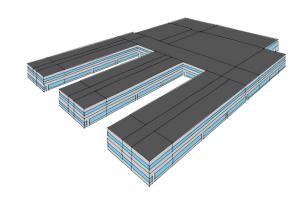
Savings in Embodied Carbon

GAF TPO Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 44.96%



Secondary School - Zone 4A (Baltimore, MD)

## **Energy Use Intensity**



GAF PVC Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 0.00%

Savings in Energy Use Intensity

GAF PVC Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 0.00%

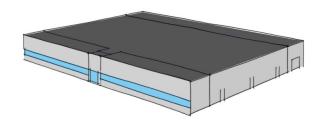
Savings in Energy Use Intensity

GAF TPO Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 0.00%

<sup>33</sup> 

#### Retail - Zone 4A (Baltimore, MD)

### **Embodied Carbon**



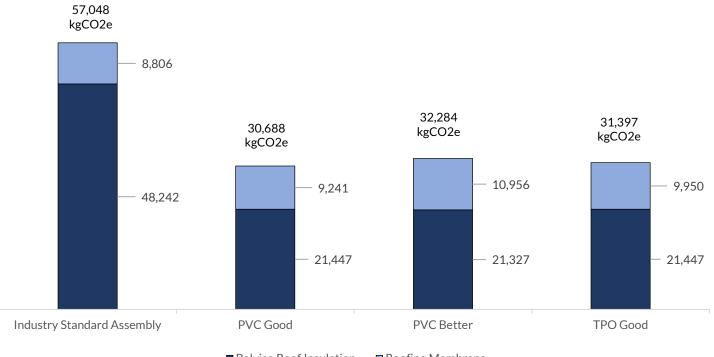
GAF PVC Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 46.21%

Savings in Embodied Carbon

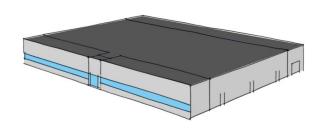
GAF PVC Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 43.41%

Savings in Embodied Carbon

GAF TPO Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 44.96%



# **Energy Use Intensity**



GAF PVC Good vs Industry-standard Assembly -3.32%

Savings in Energy Use Intensity

GAF PVC Better vs Industry-standard Assembly -3.32 %

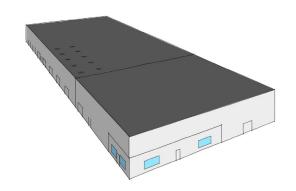
Savings in Energy Use Intensity

GAF TPO Good vs Industry-standard Assembly -3.32 %

<sup>35</sup> 

Warehouse - Zone 4A (Baltimore, MD)

## **Embodied Carbon**



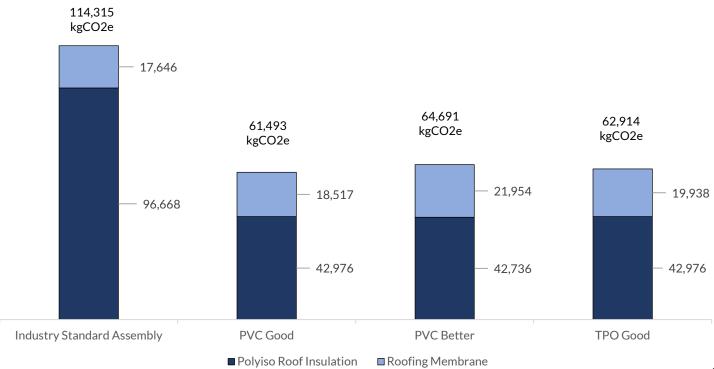
GAF PVC Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 46.21%

Savings in Embodied Carbon

GAF PVC Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 43.41%

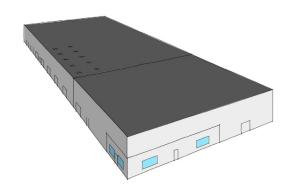
Savings in Embodied Carbon

GAF TPO Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 44.96%



Warehouse - Zone 4A (Baltimore, MD)

# **Energy Use Intensity**



GAF PVC Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 0.00%

Savings in Energy Use Intensity

GAF PVC Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 0.00%

Savings in Energy Use Intensity

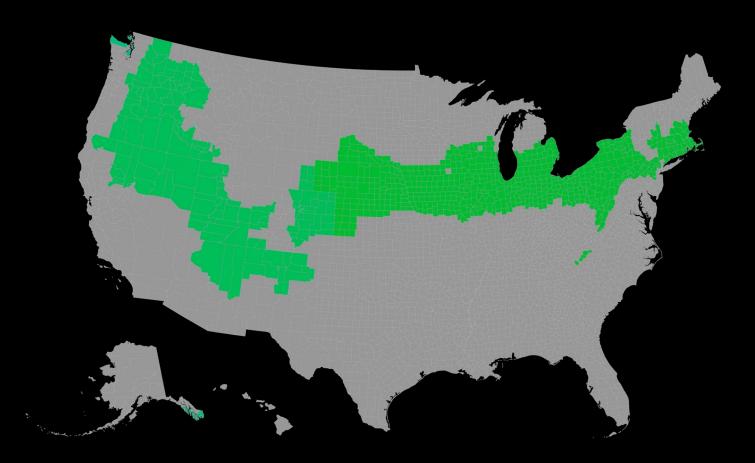
GAF TPO Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 0.00%

<sup>37</sup> 

#### Climate Zone

# 05

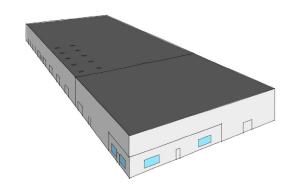
ASHRAE Climate Zone 5 is classified as a **mixed-dry climate**, according to the standards of the American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers (ASHRAE). This zone experiences **between 4500 and 9000 heating degree days** and **fewer than 4500 cooling degree days** (based on a base of 10°C). The climate in this zone features significant seasonal temperature swings, with cold winters and moderately warm summers, necessitating diverse heating strategies and moderate cooling approaches. Zone 5 encompasses parts of the **interior United States**, **including regions such as parts of Colorado**, **Nebraska**, **and Missouri**. Building strategies in this area often focus on maximizing insulation, utilizing solar heat gain in the winter while minimizing it in the summer, and incorporating efficient heating systems to cope with the colder months while using less extensive cooling systems for the summer.



Chicago, Illinois

#### Data Center-Zone 5A (Chicago, IL)

## **Embodied Carbon**



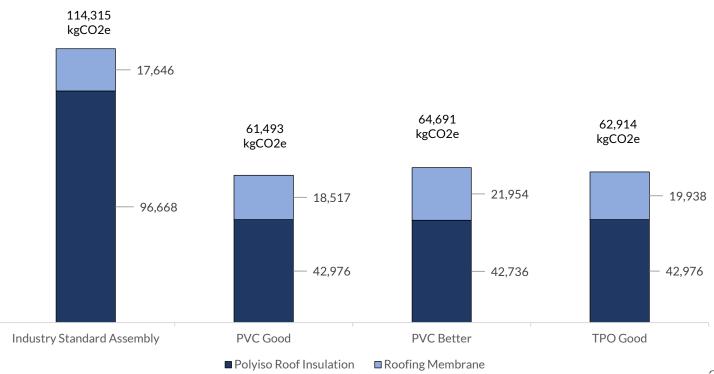
GAF PVC Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 46.21%

Savings in Embodied Carbon

GAF PVC Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 43.41%

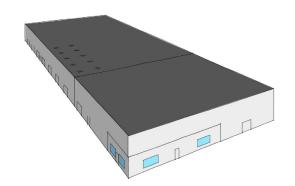
Savings in Embodied Carbon

GAF TPO Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 44.96%



Data Center-Zone 5A (Chicago, IL)

# **Energy Use Intensity**



GAF PVC Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 0.00%

Savings in Energy Use Intensity

GAF PVC Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 0.00%

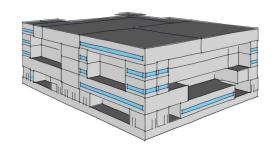
Savings in Energy Use Intensity

GAF TPO Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 0.00%

<sup>40</sup> 

#### Hospital - Zone 5A (Chicago, IL)

## **Embodied Carbon**



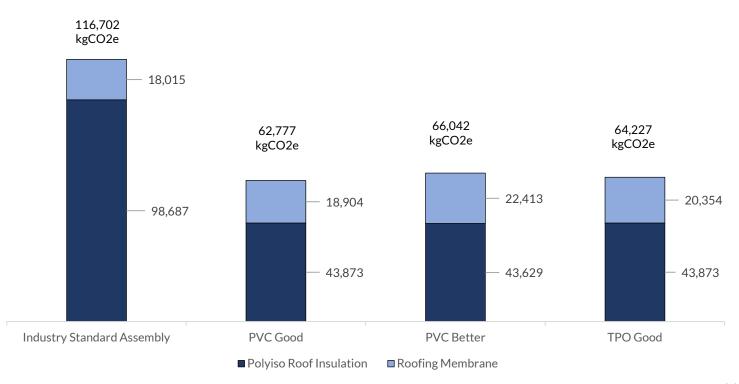
GAF PVC Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 46.21%

Savings in Embodied Carbon

GAF PVC Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 43.41%

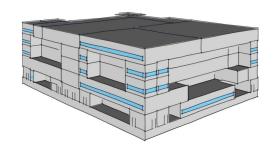
Savings in Embodied Carbon

GAF TPO Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 44.96%



Hospital - Zone 5A (Chicago, IL)

# **Energy Use Intensity**



GAF PVC Good vs Industry-standard Assembly -0.05%

Savings in Energy Use Intensity

GAF PVC Better vs Industry-standard Assembly -0.05 %

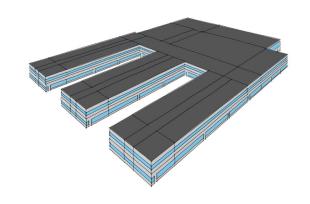
Savings in Energy Use Intensity

GAF TPO Good vs Industry-standard Assembly -0.05 %

<sup>42</sup> 

#### Secondary School - Zone 5A (Chicago, IL)

## **Embodied Carbon**



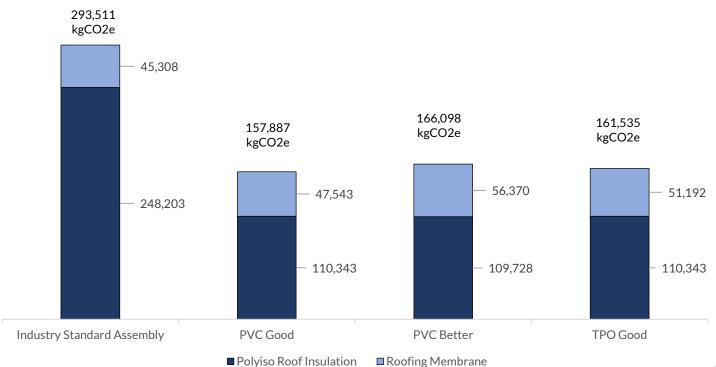
GAF PVC Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 46.21%

Savings in Embodied Carbon

GAF PVC Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 43.41%

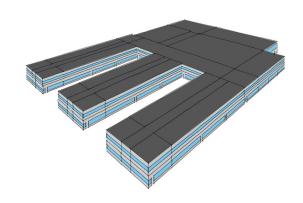
Savings in Embodied Carbon

GAF TPO Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 44.96%



Secondary School - Zone 5A (Chicago, IL)

# **Energy Use Intensity**



GAF PVC Good vs Industry-standard Assembly

Savings in Energy Use Intensity

GAF PVC Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 0.00%

0.00%

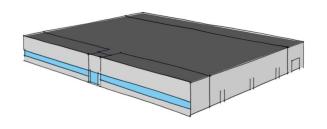
Savings in Energy Use Intensity

GAF TPO Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 0.00%

<sup>44</sup> 

#### Retail - Zone 5A (Chicago, IL)

## **Embodied Carbon**



**GAF PVC Good vs** Industry-standard **Assembly** 

46.21%

Savings in Embodied Carbon

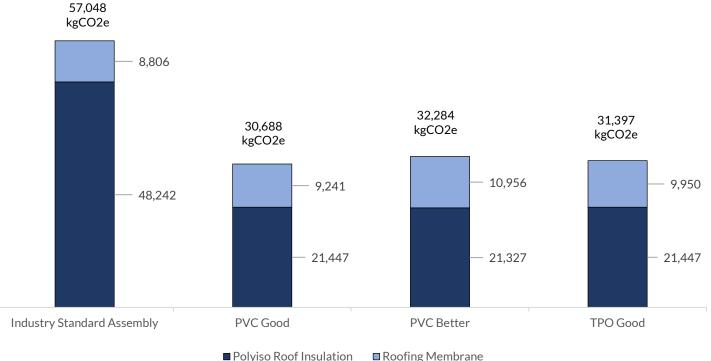
**GAF PVC Better vs** Industry-standard Assembly

43.41%

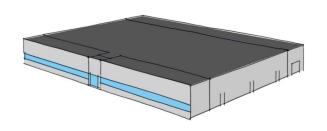
Savings in Embodied Carbon

**GAF TPO Good vs Industry-standard Assembly** 

44.96%



# **Energy Use Intensity**



GAF PVC Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 0.00%

Savings in Energy Use Intensity

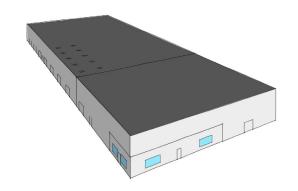
GAF PVC Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 0.00%

Savings in Energy Use Intensity

GAF TPO Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 0.00%

Warehouse - Zone 5A (Chicago, IL)

## **Embodied Carbon**



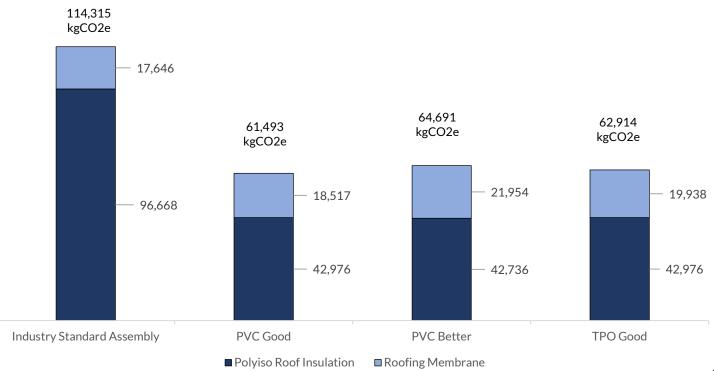
GAF PVC Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 46.21%

Savings in Embodied Carbon

GAF PVC Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 43.41%

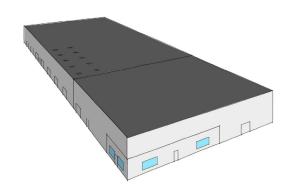
Savings in Embodied Carbon

GAF TPO Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 44.96%



Warehouse - Zone 5A (Chicago, IL)

# **Energy Use Intensity**



GAF PVC Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 0.00%
Savings in Ener

Savings in Energy Use Intensity

GAF PVC Better vs Industry-standard Assembly

0.00%

Savings in Energy Use Intensity

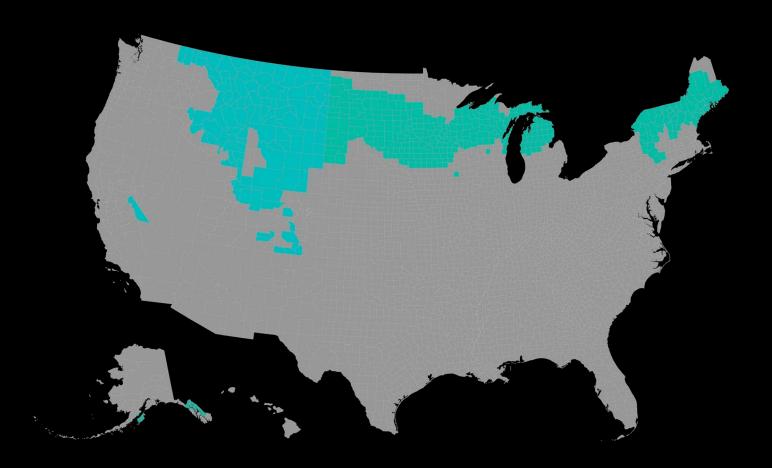
GAF TPO Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 0.00%

<sup>48</sup> 

#### Climate Zone

# 06

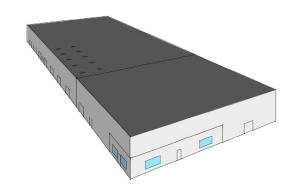
ASHRAE Climate Zone 6 is categorized as a **cold climate**, according to the specifications set by the American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers (ASHRAE). This zone is defined by having **9000 to 12,000 heating degree days** (based on a base of 10°C) and **fewer than 4500 cooling degree days**, indicating significant heating needs due to the cold winters and only moderate cooling requirements during the short summers. Zone 6 includes much of the **northern United States**, **covering areas such as parts of Massachusetts**, **Michigan**, **and as far west as Idaho**. In this climate, building designs typically emphasize robust insulation, high-performance windows, and controlled ventilation to prevent heat loss during the long, cold winter months, while cooling strategies remain relatively simple due to the mild summer conditions.



Minneapolis, Minnesota

#### Data Center-Zone 6A (Minneapolis, MN)

## **Embodied Carbon**



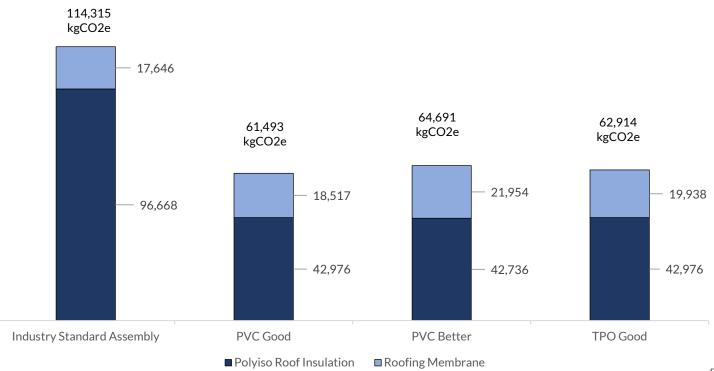
GAF PVC Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 46.21%

Savings in Embodied Carbon

GAF PVC Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 43.41%

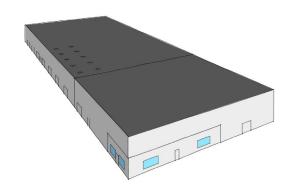
Savings in Embodied Carbon

GAF TPO Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 44.96%



Data Center- Zone 6A (Minneapolis, MN)

# **Energy Use Intensity**



GAF PVC Good vs Industry-standard Assembly **0.00%**Savings in Energy Use

Intensity

GAF PVC Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 0.00%

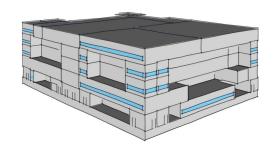
Savings in Energy Use Intensity

GAF TPO Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 0.00%

<sup>51</sup> 

#### Hospital - Zone 6A (Minneapolis, MN)

## **Embodied Carbon**



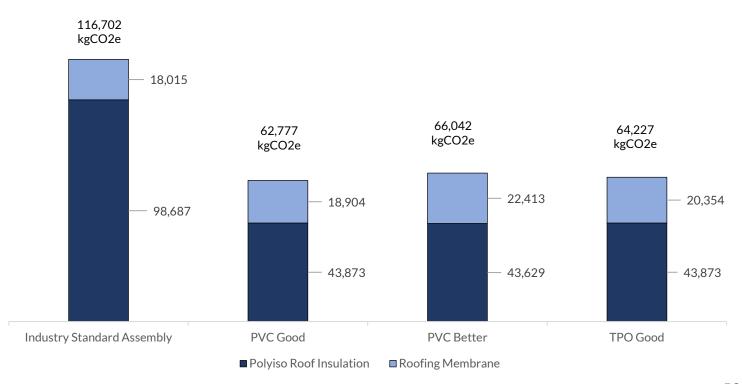
GAF PVC Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 46.21%

Savings in Embodied Carbon

GAF PVC Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 43.41%

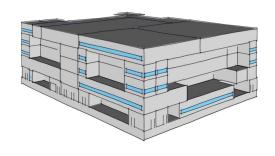
Savings in Embodied Carbon

GAF TPO Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 44.96%



Hospital - Zone 6A (Minneapolis, MN)

# **Energy Use Intensity**



GAF PVC Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 0.00%

Savings in Energy Use Intensity

GAF PVC Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 0.00%

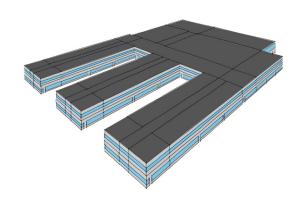
Savings in Energy Use Intensity

GAF TPO Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 0.00%

<sup>53</sup> 

Secondary School - Zone 6A (Minneapolis, MN)

## **Embodied Carbon**



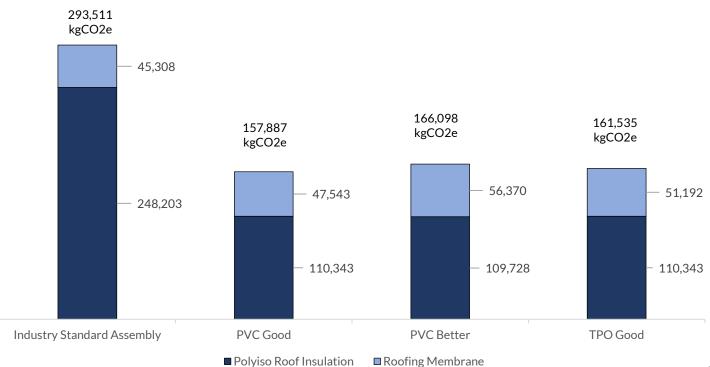
GAF PVC Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 46.21%

Savings in Embodied Carbon

GAF PVC Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 43.41%

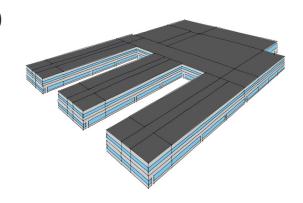
Savings in Embodied Carbon

GAF TPO Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 44.96%



Secondary School - Zone 6A (Minneapolis, MN)

# **Energy Use Intensity**



GAF PVC Good vs Industry-standard Assembly **0.00%**Savings in Energy Use Intensity

GAF PVC Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 0.00 %

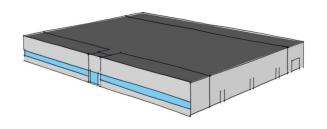
Savings in Energy Use Intensity

GAF TPO Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 0.00%

<sup>55</sup> 

#### Retail - Zone 6A (Minneapolis, MN)

## **Embodied Carbon**



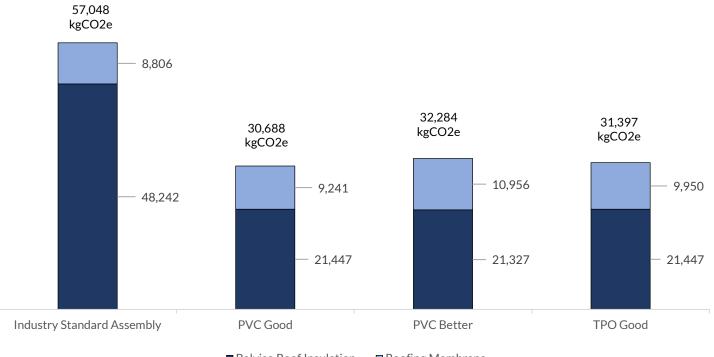
GAF PVC Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 46.21%

Savings in Embodied Carbon

GAF PVC Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 43.41%

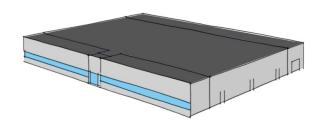
Savings in Embodied Carbon

GAF TPO Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 44.96%



Retail - Zone 6A (Minneapolis, MN)

# **Energy Use Intensity**



GAF PVC Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 0.00%

Savings in Energy Use Intensity

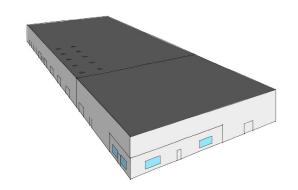
GAF PVC Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 0.00%

Savings in Energy Use Intensity

GAF TPO Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 0.00%

Warehouse - Zone 6A (Minneapolis, MN)

## **Embodied Carbon**



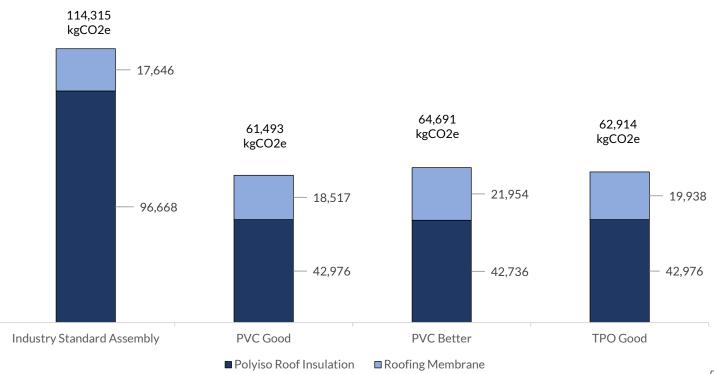
GAF PVC Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 46.21%

Savings in Embodied Carbon

GAF PVC Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 43.41%

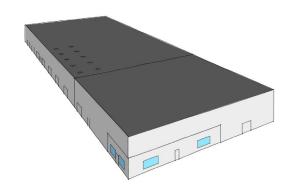
Savings in Embodied Carbon

GAF TPO Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 44.96%



Warehouse - Zone 6A (Minneapolis, MN)

# **Energy Use Intensity**



GAF PVC Good vs Industry-standard Assembly **0.00%**Savings in Energy Use Intensity

GAF PVC Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 0.00 %

Savings in Energy Use Intensity

GAF TPO Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 0.00%

<sup>59</sup> 

#### Climate Zone

# 07

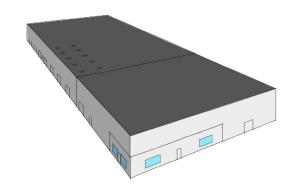
ASHRAE Climate Zone 7 is classified as a **very cold climate**, according to the American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers (ASHRAE). This zone experiences **more than 12,000 heating degree days** (based on a base of 10°C) and **fewer than 4500 cooling degree days**, highlighting an intense need for heating solutions due to the harsh winter conditions and minimal cooling requirements during the brief, mild summers. Zone 7 is found in the **northernmost parts of the United States, including regions like northern Minnesota, parts of North Dakota, and areas in Montana**. Building strategies in this zone focus on maximizing thermal resistance with extensive insulation, triple-glazed windows, and advanced heating systems designed to operate efficiently under extreme cold. Additionally, air sealing to minimize heat leakage and incorporating energy recovery ventilation systems are crucial to maintaining indoor air quality and warmth throughout the severe winter months.



Duluth, Minnesota

#### Data Center-Zone 7A (Duluth, MN)

## **Embodied Carbon**



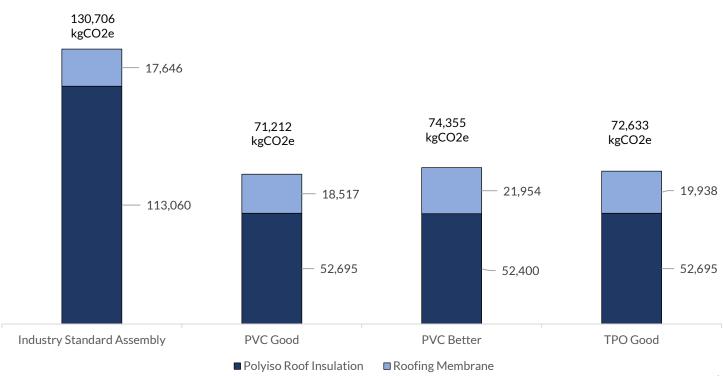
GAF PVC Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 45.52%

Savings in Embodied Carbon

GAF PVC Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 43.11%

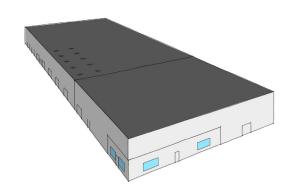
Savings in Embodied Carbon

GAF TPO Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 44.43%



Data Center-Zone 7A (Duluth, MN)

# **Energy Use Intensity**



GAF PVC Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 0.00%

Savings in Energy Use Intensity

GAF PVC Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 0.00%

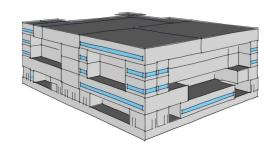
Savings in Energy Use Intensity

GAF TPO Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 0.00%

<sup>62</sup> 

#### Hospital - Zone 7A (Duluth, MN)

## **Embodied Carbon**



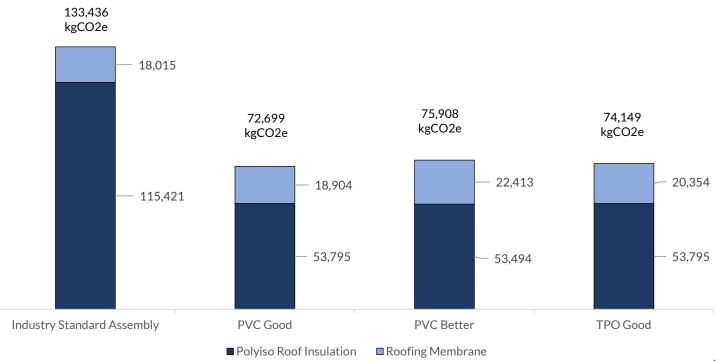
GAF PVC Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 45.52%

Savings in Embodied Carbon

GAF PVC Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 43.11%

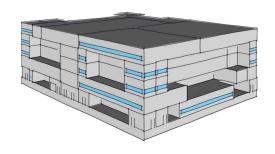
Savings in Embodied Carbon

GAF TPO Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 44.43%



Hospital - Zone 7A (Duluth, MN)

# **Energy Use Intensity**



GAF PVC Good vs Industry-standard Assembly **0.11%**Savings in Energy Use

Intensity

GAF PVC Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 0.11%

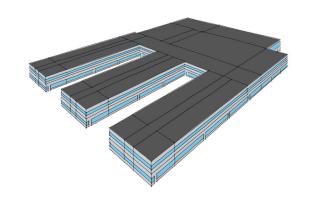
Savings in Energy Use Intensity

GAF TPO Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 0.11%

<sup>\*</sup> A negative value indicates that the GAF assembly is outperformed by that percentage

#### Secondary School - Zone 7A (Duluth, MN)

## **Embodied Carbon**



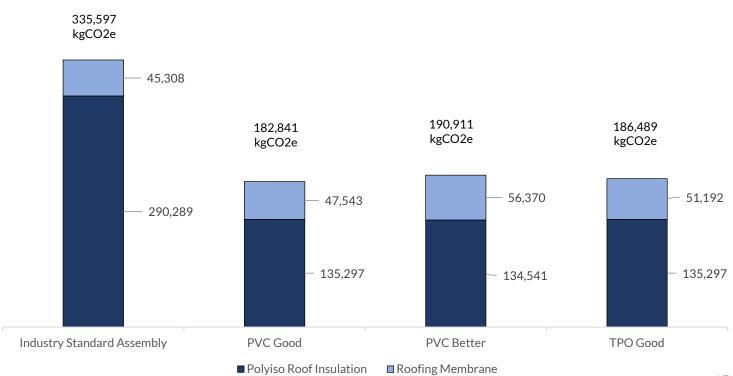
GAF PVC Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 45.52%

Savings in Embodied Carbon

GAF PVC Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 43.11%

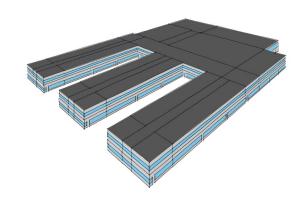
Savings in Embodied Carbon

GAF TPO Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 44.43%



Secondary School - Zone 7A (Duluth, MN)

# **Energy Use Intensity**



GAF PVC Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 0.49%

Savings in Energy Use Intensity

GAF PVC Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 0.49%

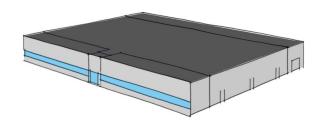
Savings in Energy Use Intensity

GAF TPO Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 0.49%

<sup>66</sup> 

#### Retail - Zone 7A (Duluth, MN)

## **Embodied Carbon**



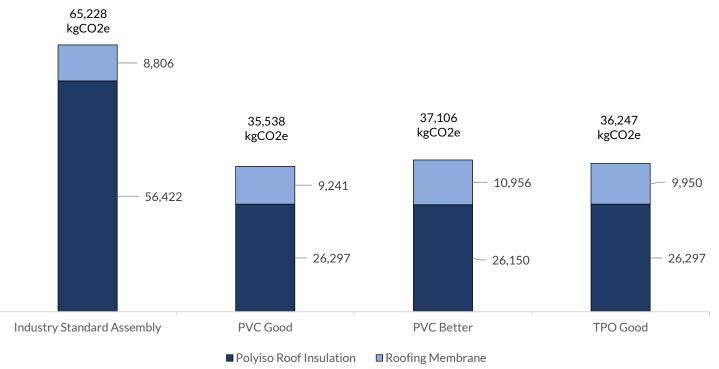
GAF PVC Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 45.52%

Savings in Embodied Carbon

GAF PVC Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 43.11%

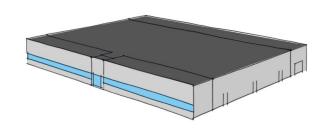
Savings in Embodied Carbon

GAF TPO Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 44.43%



Retail - Zone 7A (Duluth, MN)

# **Energy Use Intensity**



GAF PVC Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 0.81%
Savings in Energy

GAF PVC Better vs Industry-standard Assembly Savings in Energy Use Intensity

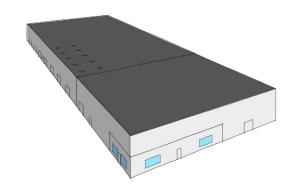
0.81%

Savings in Energy Use Intensity

GAF TPO Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 0.81%

Warehouse - Zone 7A (Duluth, MN)

## **Embodied Carbon**



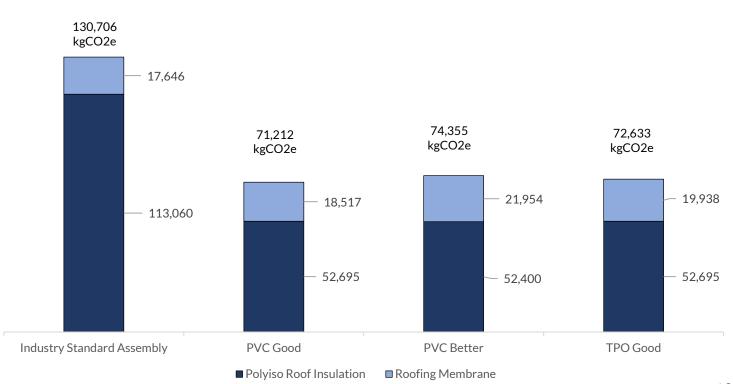
GAF PVC Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 45.52%

Savings in Embodied Carbon

GAF PVC Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 43.11%

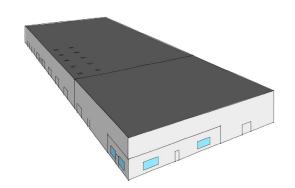
Savings in Embodied Carbon

GAF TPO Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 44.43%



Warehouse - Zone 7A (Duluth, MN)

# **Energy Use Intensity**



GAF PVC Good vs Industry-standard Assembly **1.16%**Savings in Energy Use

Intensity

GAF PVC Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 1.16%

Savings in Energy Use Intensity

GAF TPO Good vs Industry-standard Assembly 1.16%

<sup>70</sup> 

#### Comparison

# 02

Polyiso Insulation + Polyiso Coverboard + Roofing Membrane

49.50%

<47

Average Savings in Embodied Carbon

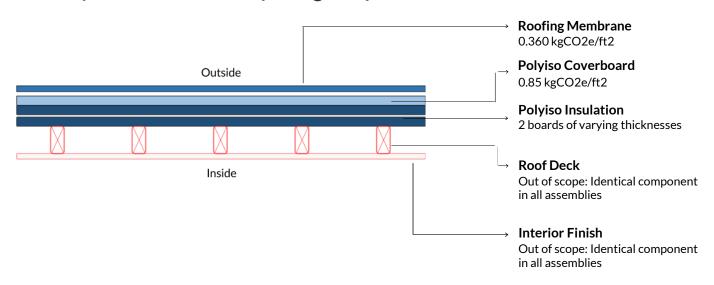
Average Savings in Energy Use Intensity (EUI)

This section of the report outlines the comparison of a wall assembly that includes

- 1. Two layers of polyiso insulation,
- 2. A Polysio coverboard and
- 3. A roofing membrane.

The chapter provides a detailed comparison of such an industry standard assembly against 1 similar GAF Assembly across five distinct building types and six different climate zones, examining their performance and efficiency in various environmental conditions.

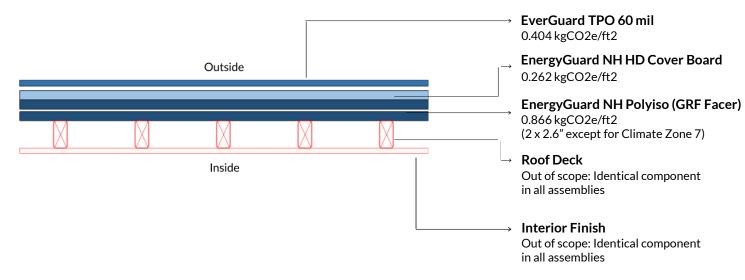
#### **Industry-Standard Assembly being compared**



# GAF Assembly

Rigid Insulation thicknesses are adjusted based on climate zone and Roof (Insulation Entirely Above Deck) U-factor requirements to comply with ASHRAE 2019 standards. The manufacturer offers specific thicknesses, and the one that best aligns with ASHRAE specifications is selected.

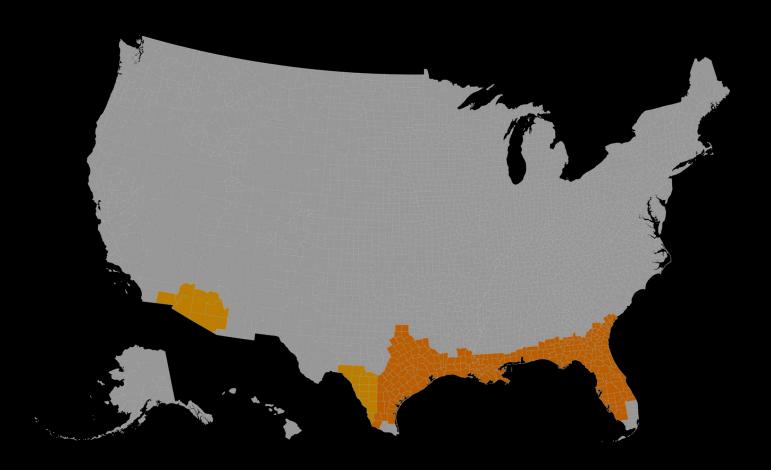
#### **GAF TPO Better Assembly**



#### Climate Zone

# 02

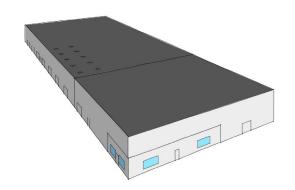
ASHRAE Climate Zone 2 is classified as a **hot-dry climate**, according to the guidelines set by the American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers (ASHRAE). This zone is characterized by having **fewer than 4500 heating degree days** and **more than 4500 cooling degree days** (based on a base of 10°C). The hot-dry conditions are prevalent with very low annual precipitation and high temperatures that demand extensive cooling measures. Regions typically falling within this climate zone include areas of the **Southwestern United States such as portions of Arizona and Texas**. Buildings in this zone benefit from strategies aimed at reducing cooling loads, such as high thermal mass, adequate insulation, and ventilation that maximizes nighttime cooling.



Houston, Texas

Data Center- Zone 2A (Houston, TX)

# **Embodied Carbon** and **EUI**

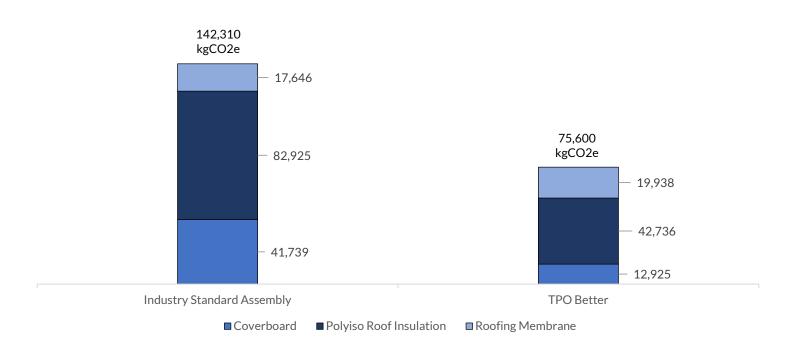


GAF TPO Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 46.88%

Savings in Embodied Carbon

-0.01%

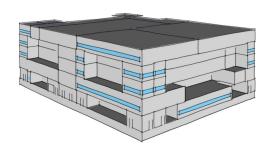
Savings in Energy Use Intensity



74

Hospital - Zone 2A (Houston, TX)

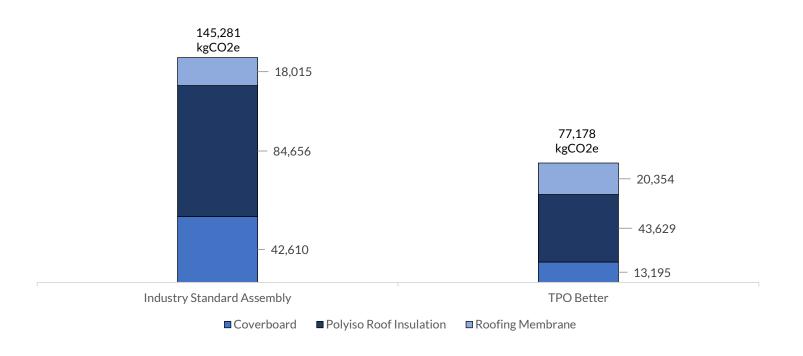
# **Embodied Carbon** and **EUI**



GAF TPO Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 46.88%

Savings in Embodied Carbon

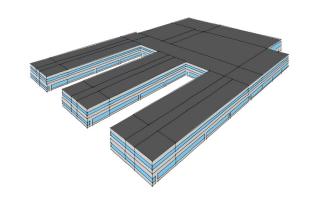
-5.05%



<sup>75</sup> 

Secondary School - Zone 2A (Houston, TX)

# **Embodied Carbon** and **EUI**

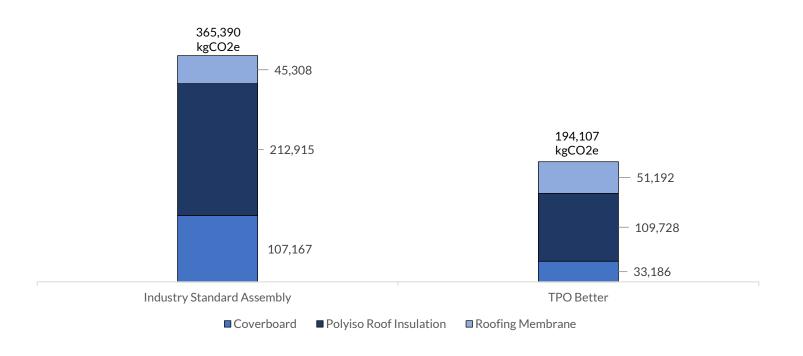


GAF TPO Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 46.88%

Savings in Embodied Carbon

-0.30%

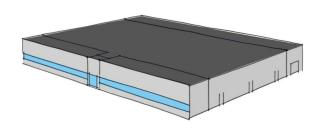
Savings in Energy Use Intensity



76

Retail - Zone 2A (Houston, TX)

# **Embodied Carbon** and **EUI**

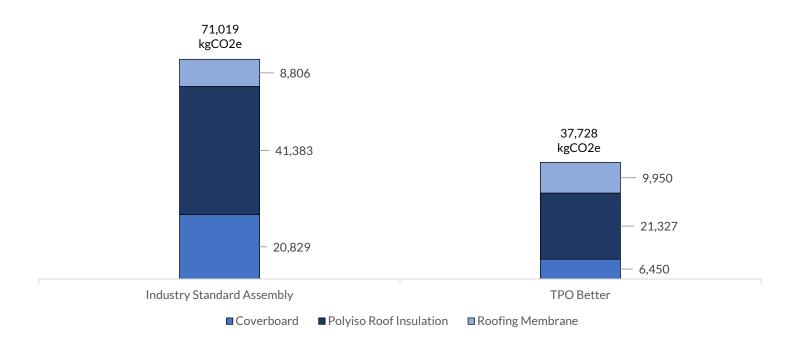


GAF TPO Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 46.88%

Savings in Embodied Carbon

0.81%

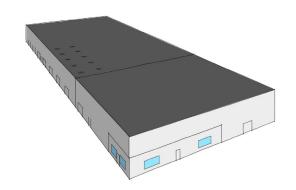
Savings in Energy Use Intensity



77

Warehouse - Zone 2A (Houston, TX)

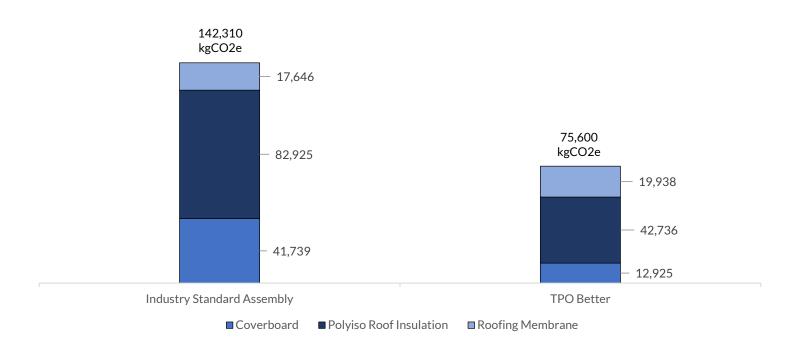
# **Embodied Carbon** and **EUI**



GAF TPO Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 46.88%

Savings in Embodied Carbon

2.44%

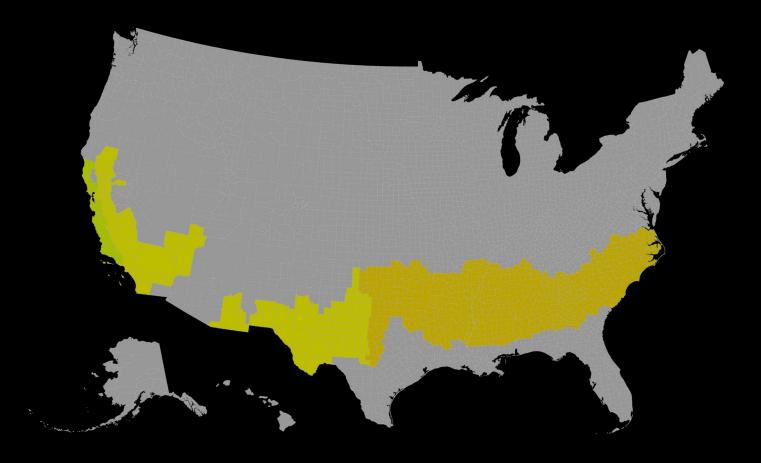


<sup>78</sup> 

#### Climate Zone

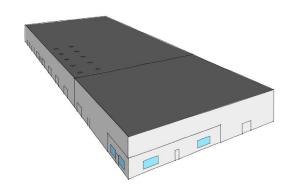
# 03

ASHRAE Climate Zone 3 is defined as a warm-humid climate according to the American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers (ASHRAE). This zone experiences fewer than 4500 heating degree days and between 4500 to 9000 cooling degree days (based on a base of 10°C). The warm-humid conditions in this zone necessitate strategies for managing both cooling and humidity control. It covers many southeastern U.S. states including regions of Texas, Louisiana, Mississippi, Alabama, Georgia, and South Carolina. Architectural design in this area focuses on optimizing air sealing and insulation to maintain comfortable indoor environments while minimizing the reliance on energy-intensive air conditioning systems. Features such as overhangs, shaded areas, and vapor barriers are commonly utilized to enhance building performance in this climate.



Data Center-Zone 3A (Atlanta, GA)

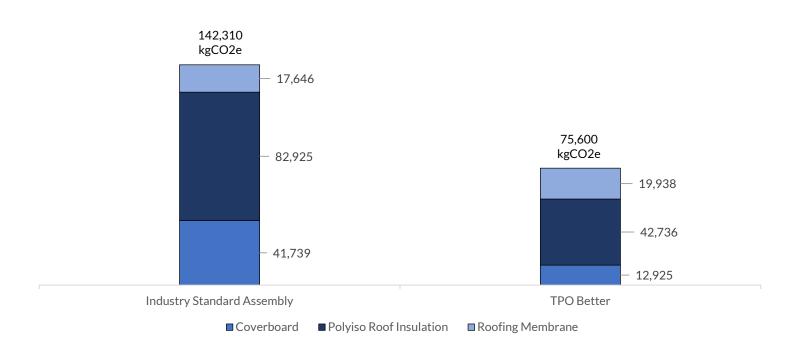
# **Embodied Carbon** and **EUI**



GAF TPO Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 46.88%

Savings in Embodied Carbon

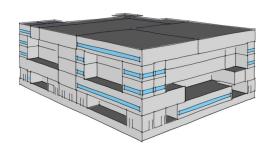
-0.01%



<sup>80</sup> 

Hospital - Zone 3A (Atlanta, GA)

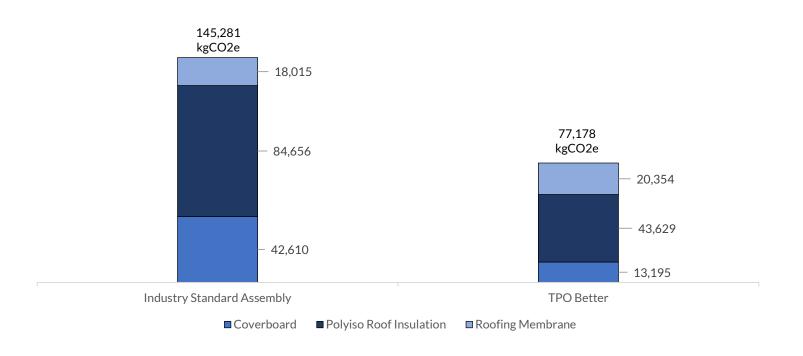
# **Embodied Carbon** and **EUI**



GAF TPO Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 46.88%

Savings in Embodied Carbon

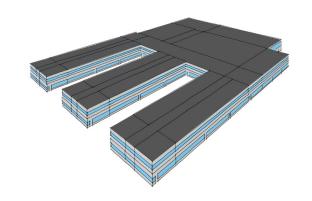
0.17%



<sup>81</sup> 

Secondary School - Zone 3A (Atlanta, GA)

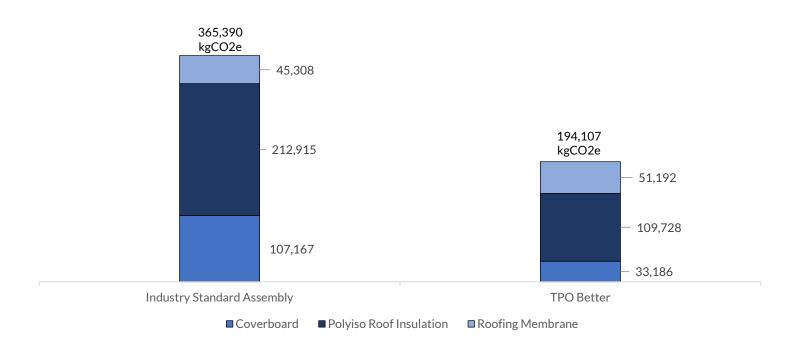
# **Embodied Carbon** and **EUI**



GAF TPO Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 46.88%

Savings in Embodied Carbon

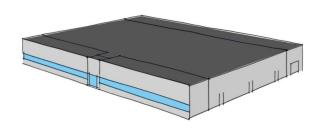
-0.11%



<sup>82</sup> 

Retail - Zone 3A (Atlanta, GA)

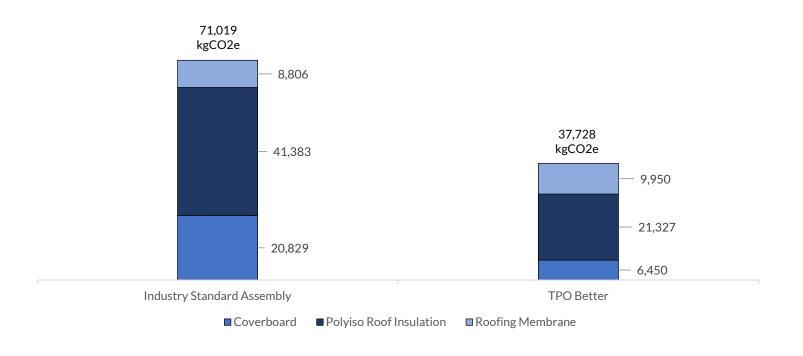
# **Embodied Carbon** and **EUI**



GAF TPO Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 46.88%

Savings in Embodied Carbon

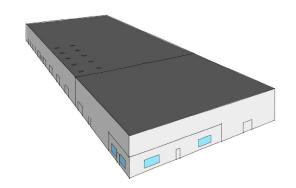
1.65%



<sup>83</sup> 

Warehouse - Zone 3A (Atlanta, GA)

# **Embodied Carbon** and **EUI**

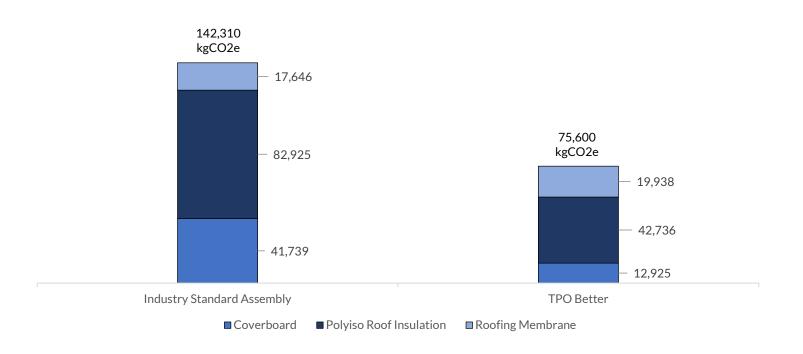


GAF TPO Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 46.88%

Savings in Embodied Carbon

3.89%

Savings in Energy Use Intensity

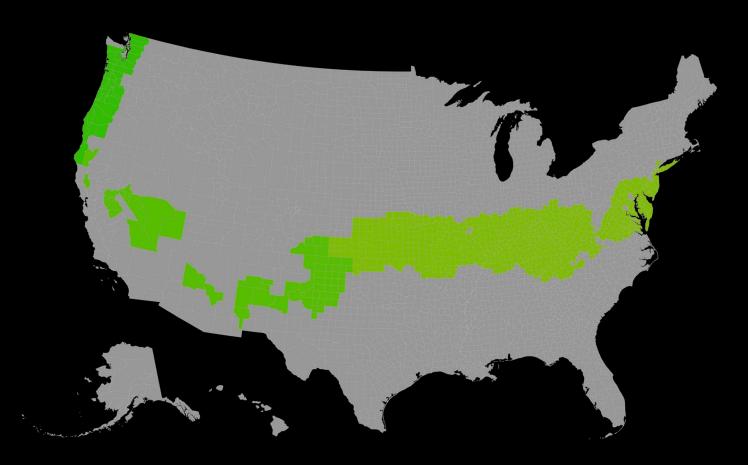


84

#### Climate Zone

# 04

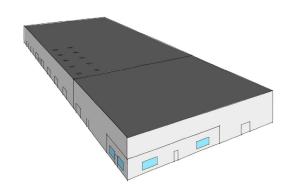
ASHRAE Climate Zone 4 is designated as a **mixed-humid climate**, according to the standards established by the American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers (ASHRAE). This zone experiences **fewer than 4500 heating degree days** and **between 4500 to 9000 cooling degree days** (based on a base of 10°C). The climate here includes distinct seasonal variations with both moderate heating in winter and significant cooling requirements in the summer, necessitating versatile climate control solutions in buildings. Zone 4 covers parts of the **Mid-Atlantic, including some regions of Virginia, North Carolina, Tennessee, and as far west as parts of Kansas and Oklahoma**. Effective strategies in this climate typically involve balanced insulation, energy-efficient windows, and moisture control systems to handle the relatively high humidity and varying temperatures throughout the year.



Baltimore, Maryland

Data Center- Zone 4A (Baltimore, MD)

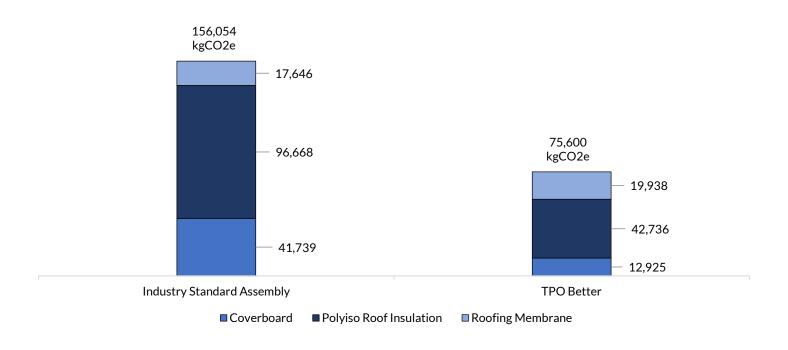
# **Embodied Carbon** and **EUI**



GAF TPO Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 51.56%

Savings in Embodied Carbon

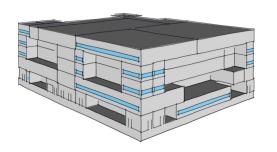
0.00%



<sup>86</sup> 

Hospital - Zone 4A (Baltimore, MD)

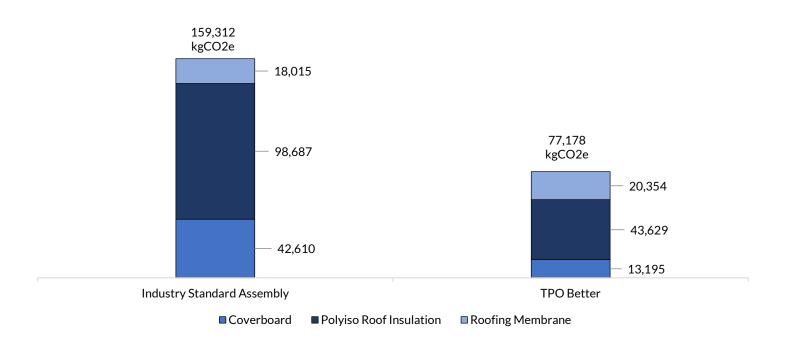
# **Embodied Carbon** and **EUI**



GAF TPO Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 51.56%

Savings in Embodied Carbon

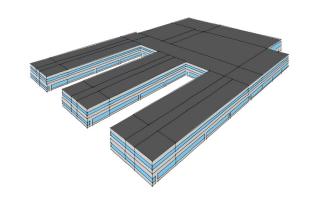
-0.03%



<sup>87</sup> 

Secondary School - Zone 4A (Baltimore, MD)

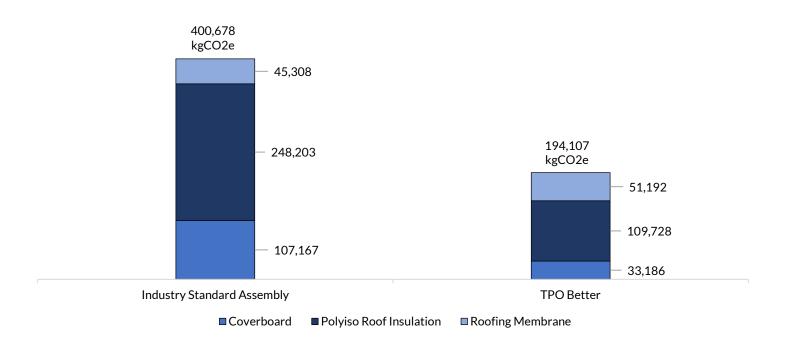
# **Embodied Carbon** and **EUI**



GAF TPO Better vs Industry-standard Assembly **51.56%** 

Savings in Embodied Carbon

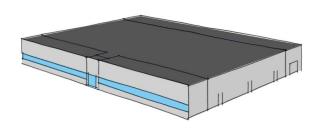
0.07%



<sup>88</sup> 

Retail - Zone 4A (Baltimore, MD)

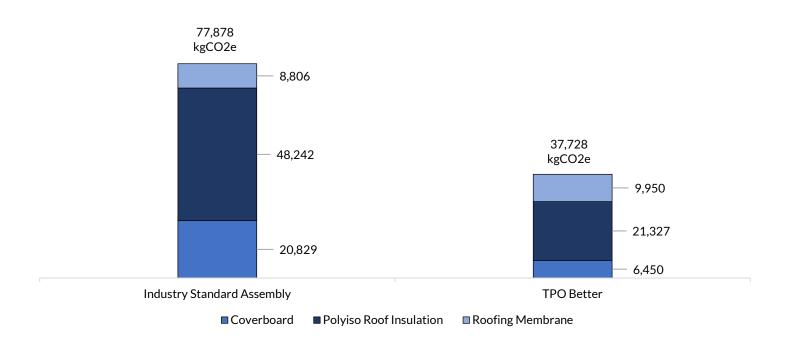
# **Embodied Carbon** and **EUI**



GAF TPO Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 51.56%

Savings in Embodied Carbon

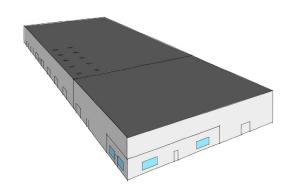
0.24%



<sup>89</sup> 

Warehouse - Zone 4A (Baltimore, MD)

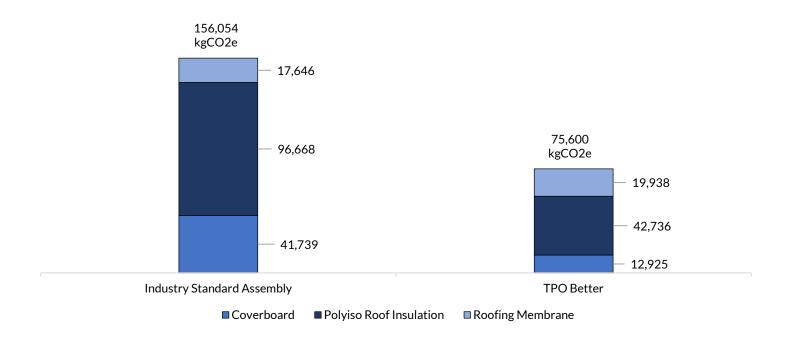
# **Embodied Carbon** and **EUI**



GAF TPO Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 51.56%

Savings in Embodied Carbon

0.39%

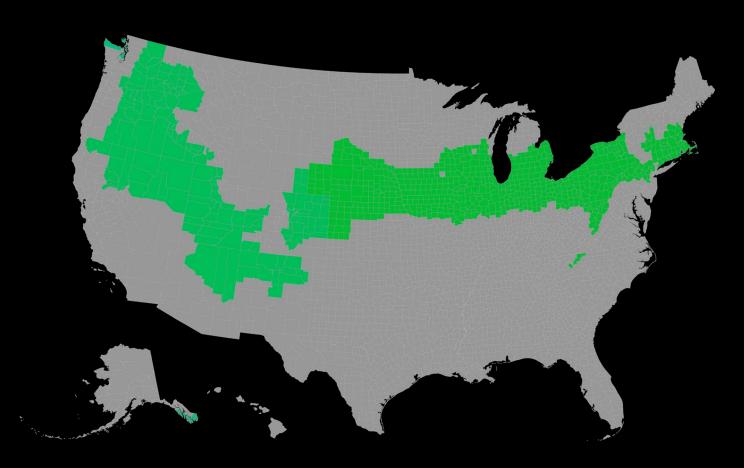


<sup>90</sup> 

#### Climate Zone

# 05

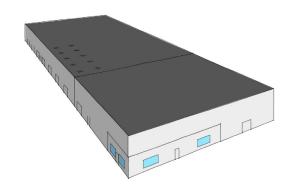
ASHRAE Climate Zone 5 is classified as a **mixed-dry climate**, according to the standards of the American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers (ASHRAE). This zone experiences **between 4500 and 9000 heating degree days** and **fewer than 4500 cooling degree days** (based on a base of 10°C). The climate in this zone features significant seasonal temperature swings, with cold winters and moderately warm summers, necessitating diverse heating strategies and moderate cooling approaches. Zone 5 encompasses parts of the **interior United States**, **including regions such as parts of Colorado**, **Nebraska**, **and Missouri**. Building strategies in this area often focus on maximizing insulation, utilizing solar heat gain in the winter while minimizing it in the summer, and incorporating efficient heating systems to cope with the colder months while using less extensive cooling systems for the summer.



Chicago, Illinois

Data Center- Zone 5A (Chicago, IL)

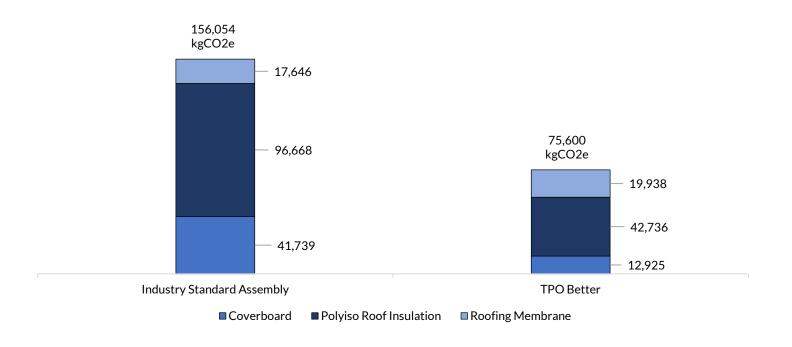
# **Embodied Carbon** and **EUI**



GAF TPO Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 51.56%

Savings in Embodied Carbon

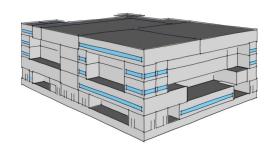
0.00%



<sup>92</sup> 

Hospital - Zone 5A (Chicago, IL)

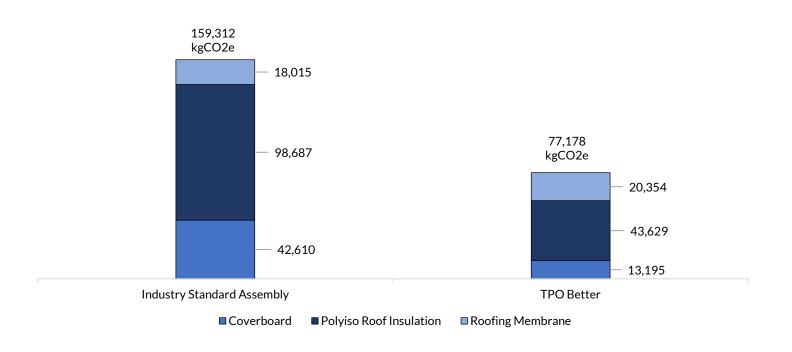
# **Embodied Carbon** and **EUI**



GAF TPO Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 51.56%

Savings in Embodied Carbon

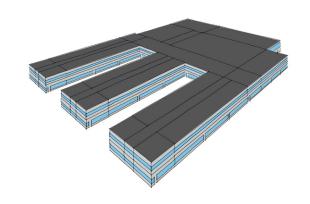
0.03%



<sup>93</sup> 

Secondary School - Zone 5A (Chicago, IL)

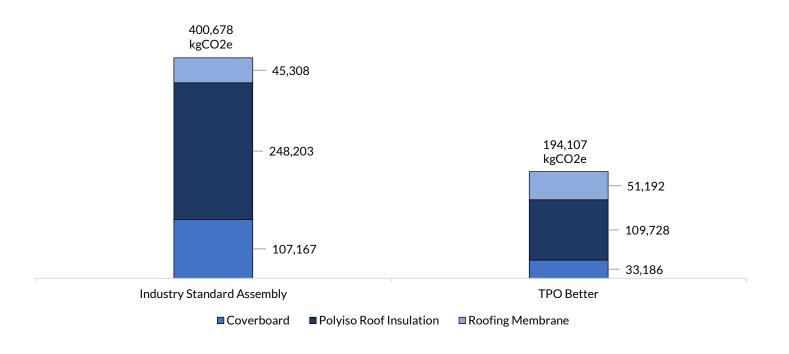
# **Embodied Carbon** and **EUI**



GAF TPO Better vs Industry-standard Assembly **51.56%** 

Savings in Embodied Carbon

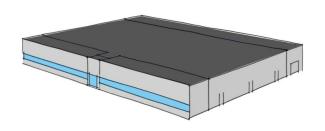
0.13%



<sup>94</sup> 

Retail - Zone 5A (Chicago, IL)

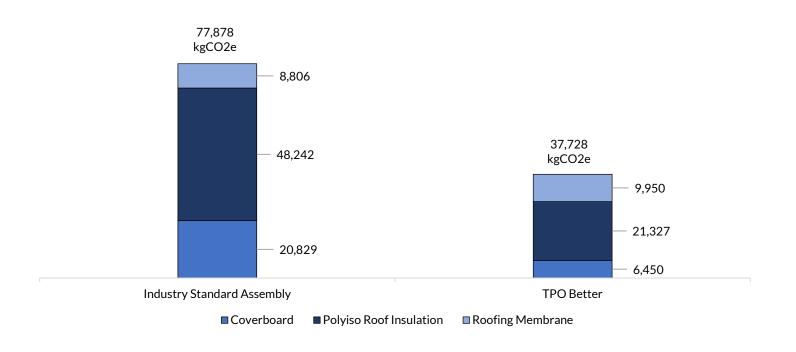
# **Embodied Carbon** and **EUI**



GAF TPO Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 51.56%

Savings in Embodied Carbon

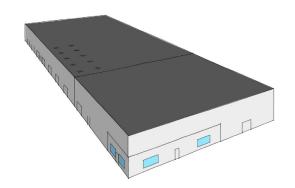
0.25%



<sup>95</sup> 

Warehouse - Zone 5A (Chicago, IL)

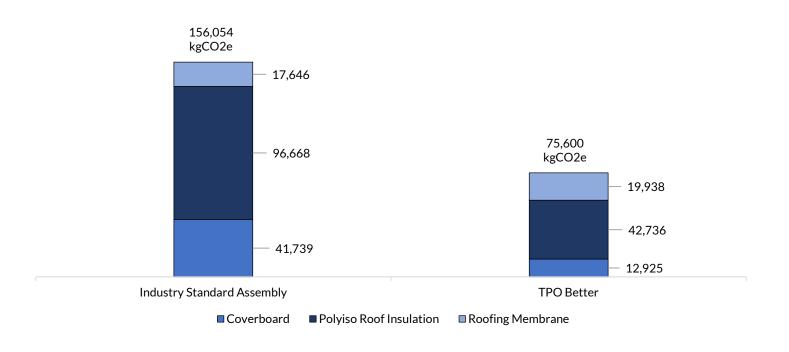
# **Embodied Carbon** and **EUI**



GAF TPO Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 51.56%

Savings in Embodied Carbon

0.40%

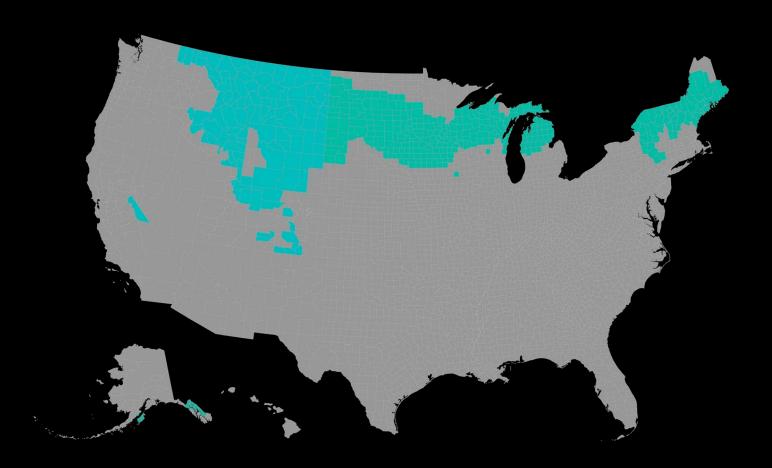


<sup>96</sup> 

#### Climate Zone

# 06

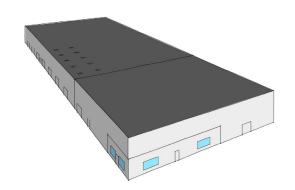
ASHRAE Climate Zone 6 is categorized as a **cold climate**, according to the specifications set by the American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers (ASHRAE). This zone is defined by having **9000 to 12,000 heating degree days** (based on a base of 10°C) and **fewer than 4500 cooling degree days**, indicating significant heating needs due to the cold winters and only moderate cooling requirements during the short summers. Zone 6 includes much of the **northern United States**, **covering areas such as parts of Massachusetts**, **Michigan**, **and as far west as Idaho**. In this climate, building designs typically emphasize robust insulation, high-performance windows, and controlled ventilation to prevent heat loss during the long, cold winter months, while cooling strategies remain relatively simple due to the mild summer conditions.



Minneapolis, Minnesota

Data Center-Zone 6A (Minneapolis, MN)

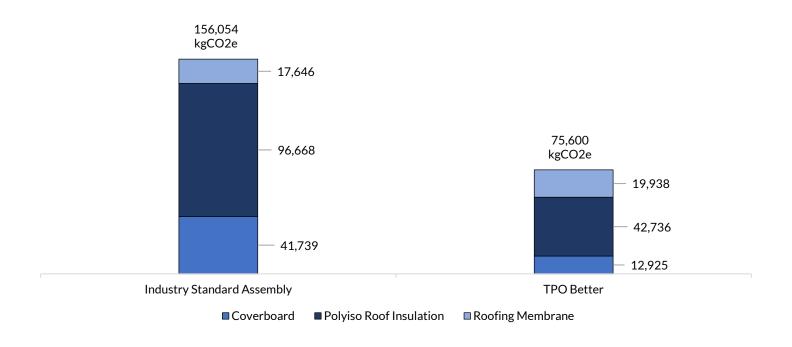
# **Embodied Carbon** and **EUI**



GAF TPO Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 51.56%

Savings in Embodied Carbon

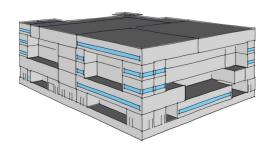
0.00%



<sup>98</sup> 

Hospital - Zone 6A (Minneapolis, MN)

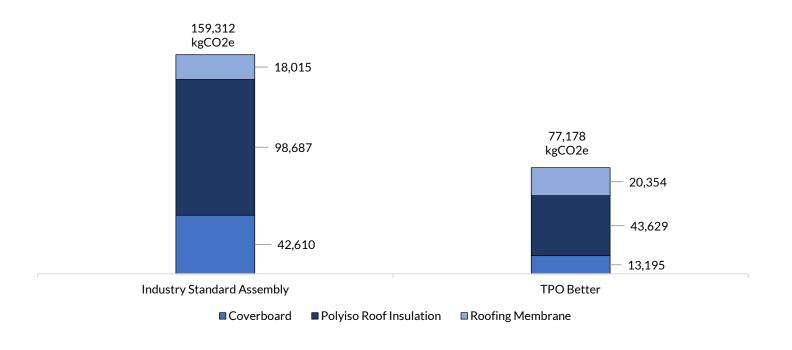
# **Embodied Carbon** and **EUI**



GAF TPO Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 51.56%

Savings in Embodied Carbon

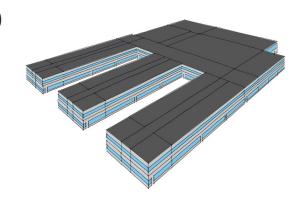
0.04%



<sup>99</sup> 

Secondary School - Zone 6A (Minneapolis, MN)

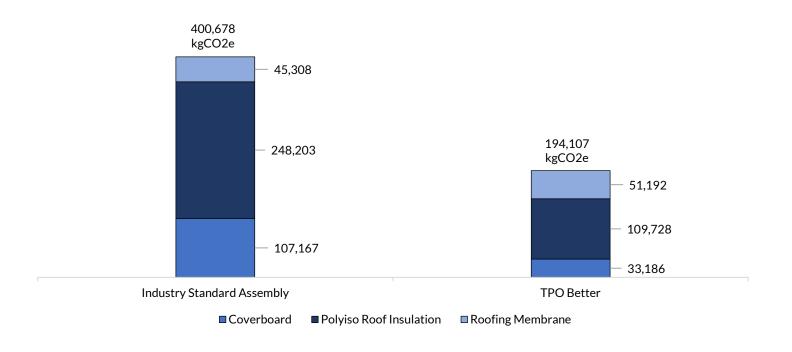
# **Embodied Carbon** and **EUI**



GAF TPO Better vs Industry-standard Assembly **51.56%** 

Savings in Embodied Carbon

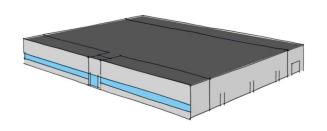
0.39%



<sup>100</sup> 

Retail - Zone 6A (Minneapolis, MN)

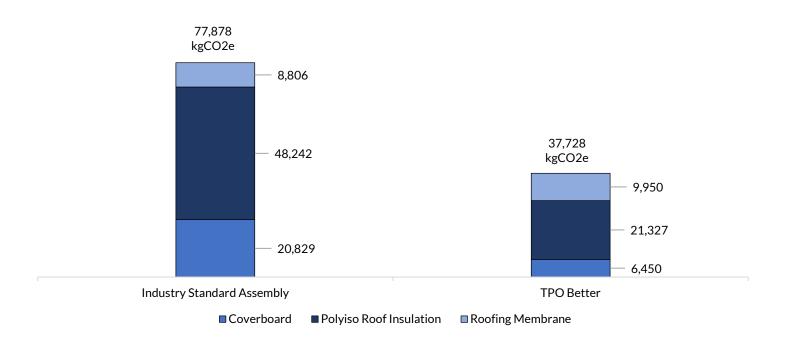
# **Embodied Carbon** and **EUI**



GAF TPO Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 51.56%

Savings in Embodied Carbon

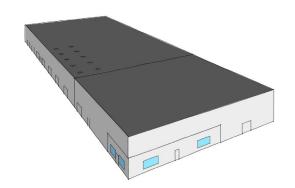
0.51%



<sup>101</sup> 

Warehouse - Zone 6A (Minneapolis, MN)

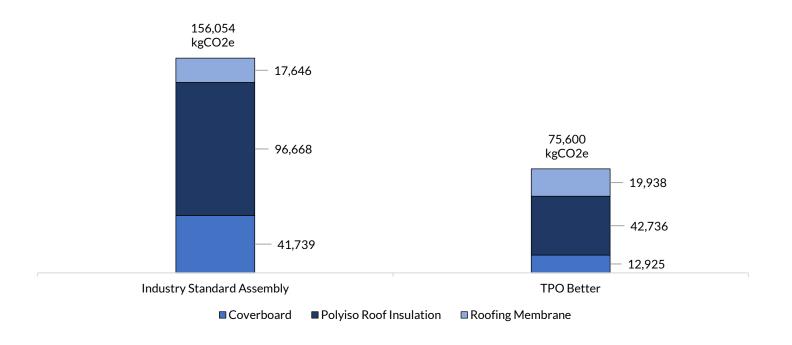
# **Embodied Carbon** and **EUI**



GAF TPO Better vs Industry-standard Assembly **51.56%** 

Savings in Embodied Carbon

0.39%



<sup>102</sup> 

#### Climate Zone

# 07

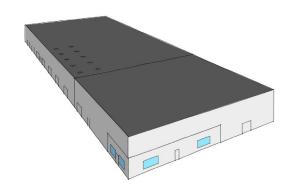
ASHRAE Climate Zone 7 is classified as a **very cold climate**, according to the American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers (ASHRAE). This zone experiences **more than 12,000 heating degree days** (based on a base of 10°C) and **fewer than 4500 cooling degree days**, highlighting an intense need for heating solutions due to the harsh winter conditions and minimal cooling requirements during the brief, mild summers. Zone 7 is found in the **northernmost parts of the United States, including regions like northern Minnesota, parts of North Dakota, and areas in Montana**. Building strategies in this zone focus on maximizing thermal resistance with extensive insulation, triple-glazed windows, and advanced heating systems designed to operate efficiently under extreme cold. Additionally, air sealing to minimize heat leakage and incorporating energy recovery ventilation systems are crucial to maintaining indoor air quality and warmth throughout the severe winter months.



Duluth, Minnesota

Data Center-Zone 7A (Duluth, MN)

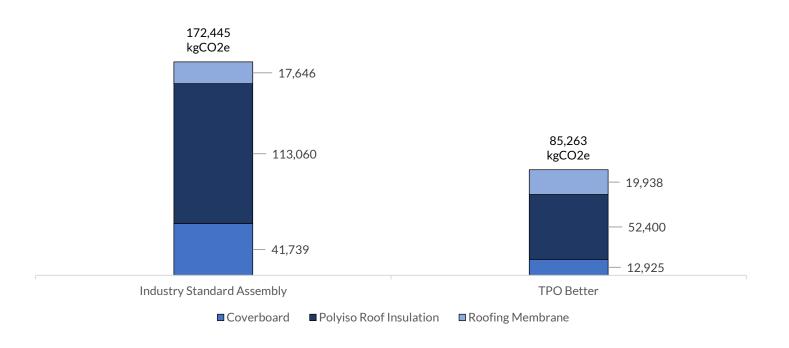
# **Embodied Carbon** and **EUI**



GAF TPO Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 51.56%

Savings in Embodied Carbon

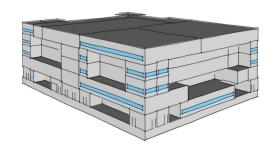
0.00%



<sup>\*</sup> A negative value indicates that the GAF assembly is outperformed by that percentage

Hospital - Zone 7A (Duluth, MN)

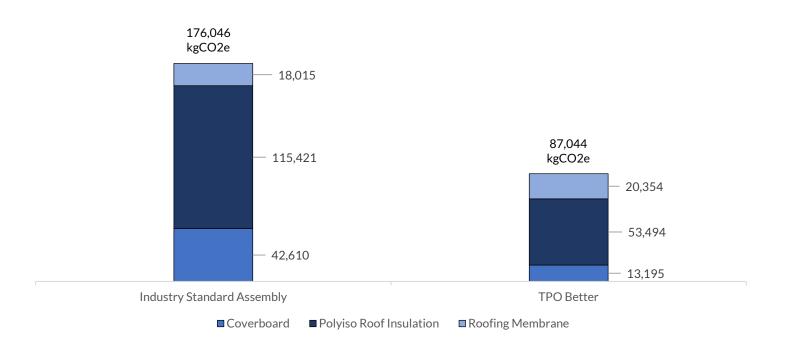
# **Embodied Carbon** and **EUI**



GAF TPO Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 51.56%

Savings in Embodied Carbon

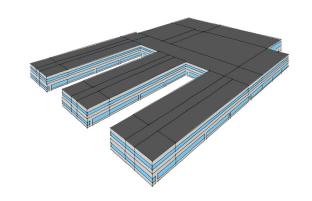
0.12%



<sup>105</sup> 

Secondary School - Zone 7A (Duluth, MN)

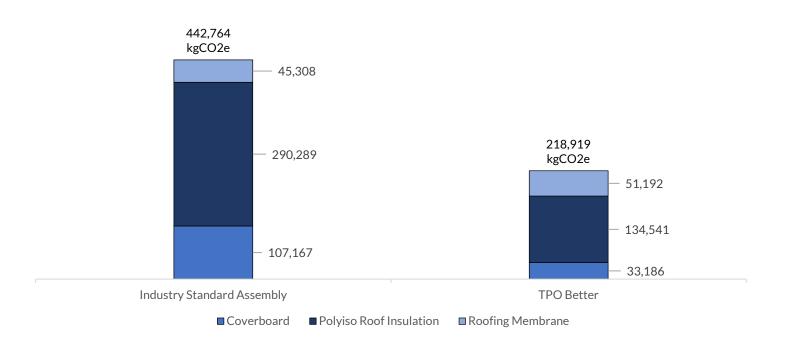
# **Embodied Carbon** and **EUI**



GAF TPO Better vs Industry-standard Assembly **51.56%** 

Savings in Embodied Carbon

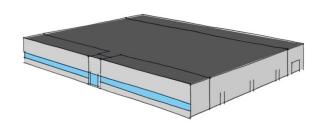
0.57%



<sup>106</sup> 

Retail - Zone 7A (Duluth, MN)

# **Embodied Carbon** and **EUI**

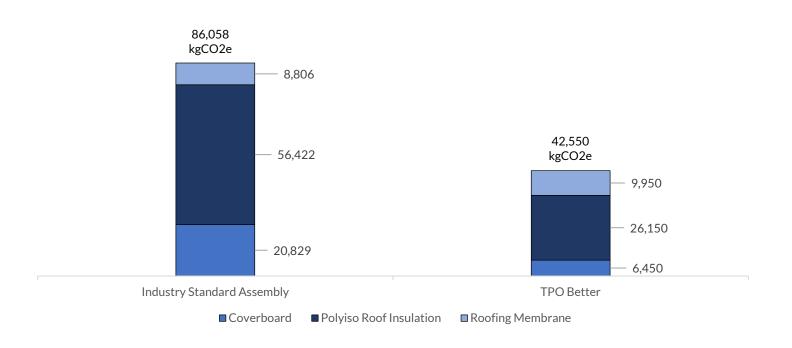


GAF TPO Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 51.56%

Savings in Embodied Carbon

0.93%

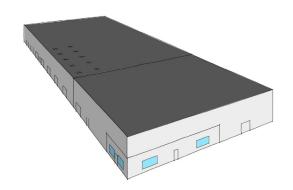
Savings in Energy Use Intensity



107

Warehouse - Zone 7A (Duluth, MN)

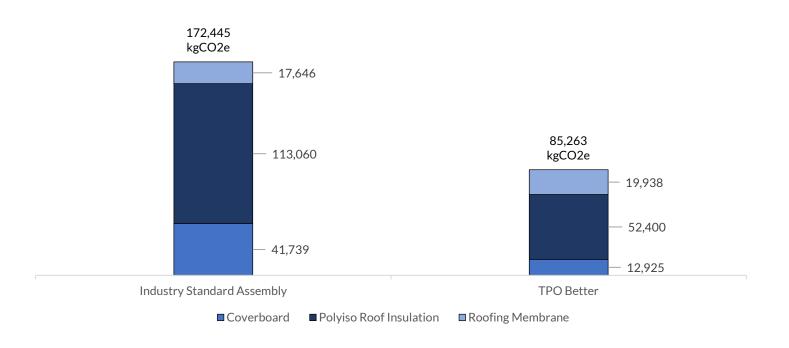
# **Embodied Carbon** and **EUI**



GAF TPO Better vs Industry-standard Assembly 51.56%

Savings in Embodied Carbon

1.38%



<sup>108</sup> 

### Comparison

# 03

Polyiso Insulation + Polyiso Coverboard + Thermal Barrier + Roofing Membrane

38.50%

<5%

Average Savings in Embodied Carbon

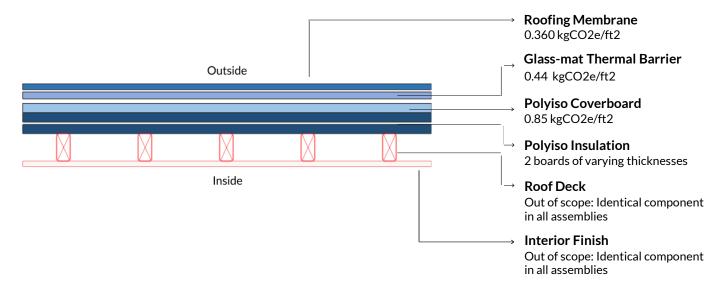
Average Savings in Energy Use Intensity (EUI)

This section of the report outlines the comparison of a wall assembly that includes

- 1. Two layers of polyiso insulation,
- 2. A Polysio coverboard,
- 3. A Thermal Barrier and
- 4. A roofing membrane.

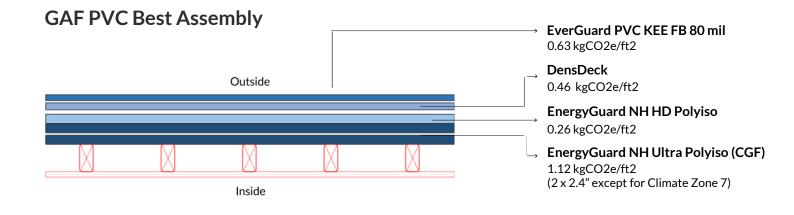
The chapter provides a detailed comparison of such an industry standard assembly against 2 similar GAF Assemblies across five distinct building types and six different climate zones, examining their performance and efficiency in various environmental conditions.

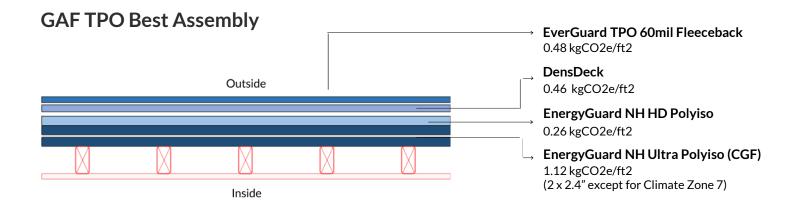
#### **Industry-Standard Assembly being compared**



# GAF Assemblies

Rigid Insulation thicknesses are adjusted based on climate zone and Roof (Insulation Entirely Above Deck) U-factor requirements to comply with ASHRAE 2019 standards. The manufacturer offers specific thicknesses, and the one that best aligns with ASHRAE specifications is selected.

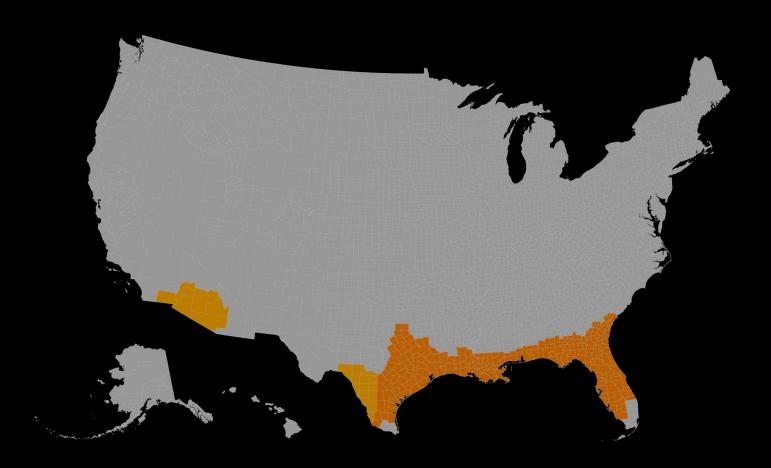




### Climate Zone

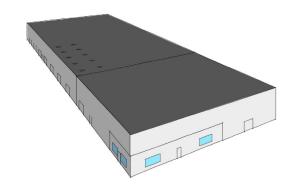
# 02

ASHRAE Climate Zone 2 is classified as a **hot-dry climate**, according to the guidelines set by the American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers (ASHRAE). This zone is characterized by having **fewer than 4500 heating degree days** and **more than 4500 cooling degree days** (based on a base of 10°C). The hot-dry conditions are prevalent with very low annual precipitation and high temperatures that demand extensive cooling measures. Regions typically falling within this climate zone include areas of the **Southwestern United States such as portions of Arizona and Texas**. Buildings in this zone benefit from strategies aimed at reducing cooling loads, such as high thermal mass, adequate insulation, and ventilation that maximizes nighttime cooling.



#### Data Center- Zone 2A (Houston, TX)

## **Embodied Carbon**



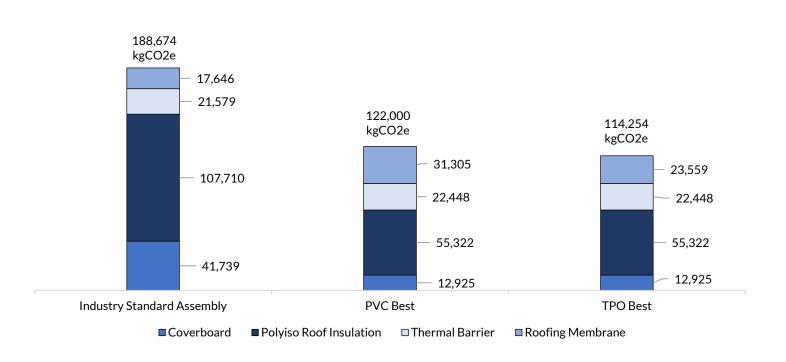
GAF PVC Best vs Industry-standard Assembly

Assembly

GAF TPO Best vs Industry-standard 35.34%

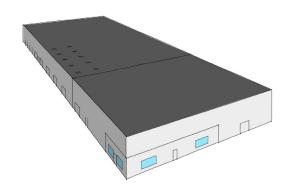
Savings in Embodied Carbon

39.44%



Data Center- Zone 2A (Houston, TX)

# **Energy Use Intensity**



GAF PVC Best vs Industry-standard Assembly

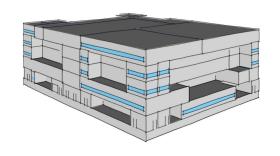
GAF TPO Best vs Industry-standard Assembly -0.01%

Savings in Energy Use Intensity

-0.01%

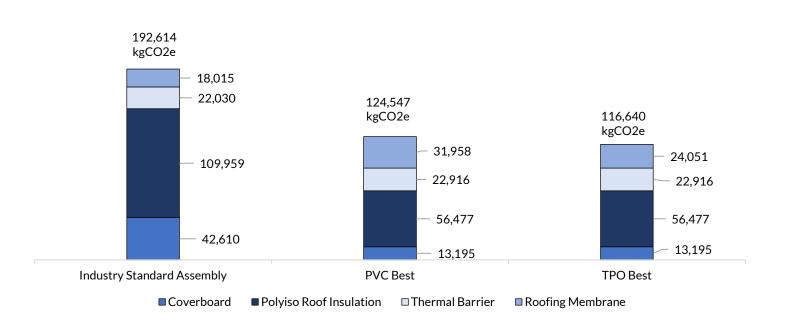
#### Hospital - Zone 2A (Houston, TX)

## **Embodied Carbon**



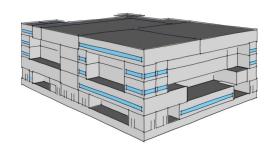
GAF PVC Best vs Industry-standard Assembly 35.34%
Savings in Embodied Carbon

GAF TPO Best vs Industry-standard Assembly



Hospital - Zone 2A (Houston. TX)

# **Energy Use Intensity**



GAF PVC Best vs Industry-standard Assembly

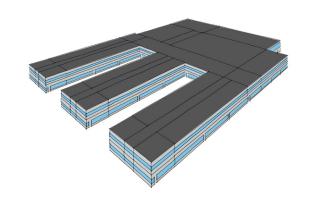
GAF TPO Best vs Industry-standard Assembly -4.89%

Savings in Energy Use Intensity

-4.89%

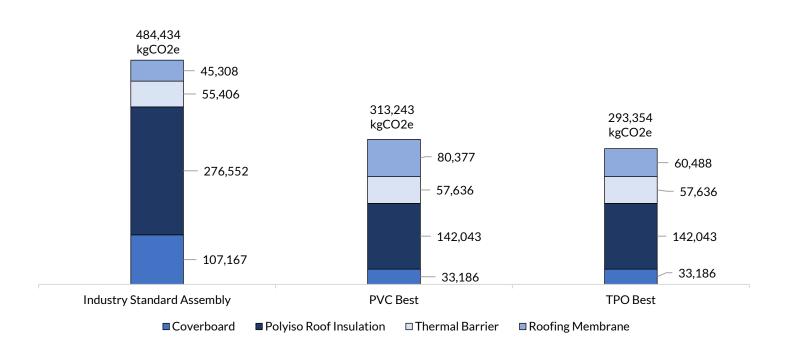
#### Secondary School - Zone 2A (Houston, TX)

## **Embodied Carbon**



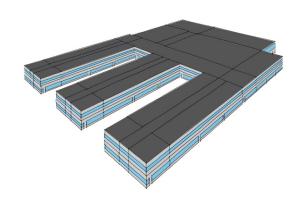
GAF PVC Best vs Industry-standard Assembly **35.34%**Savings in Embodied Carbon

GAF TPO Best vs Industry-standard Assembly



Secondary School - Zone 2A (Houston, TX)

# **Energy Use Intensity**



GAF PVC Best vs Industry-standard Assembly

GAF TPO Best vs Industry-standard Assembly -0.30%

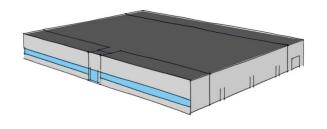
Savings in Energy Use Intensity

-0.30%

<sup>117</sup> 

#### Retail - Zone 2A (Houston, TX)

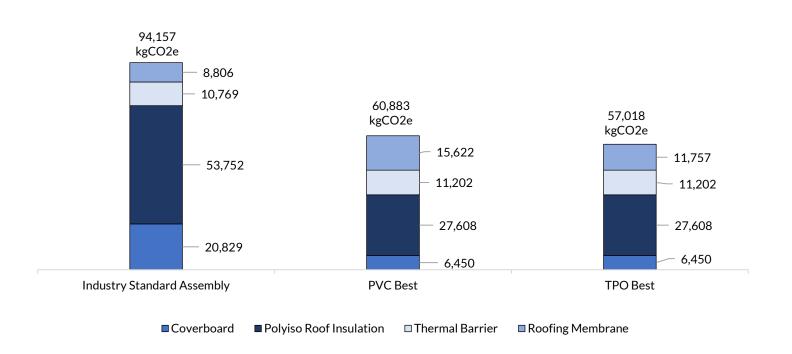
## **Embodied Carbon**



GAF PVC Best vs Industry-standard Assembly 35.34% Savings in Embodied

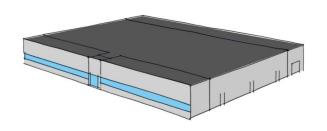
GAF TPO Best vs Industry-standard Assembly Carbon

39.44%



Retail - Zone 2A (Houston, TX)

# **Energy Use Intensity**



GAF PVC Best vs Industry-standard Assembly

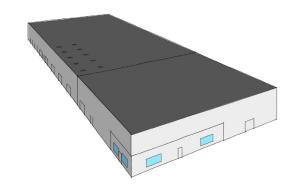
GAF TPO Best vs Industry-standard Assembly 1.03%

Savings in Energy Use Intensity

1.03%

#### Warehouse - Zone 2A (Houston, TX)

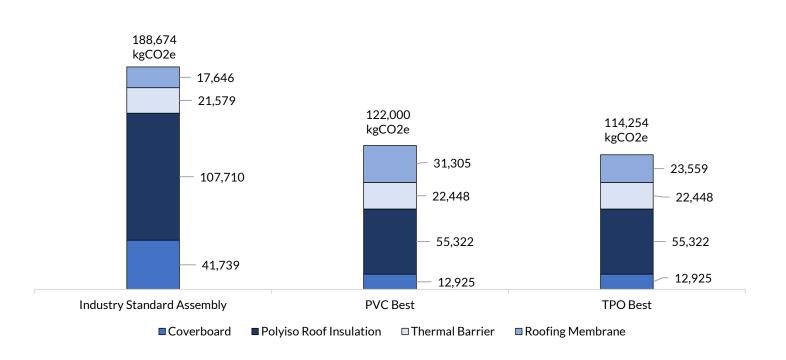
## **Embodied Carbon**



GAF PVC Best vs Industry-standard Assembly 35.34%

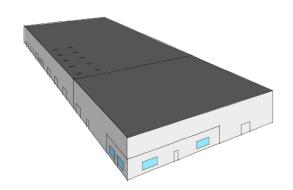
Savings in Embodied Carbon

GAF TPO Best vs Industry-standard Assembly 39.44%



Warehouse - Zone 2A (Houston, TX)

# **Energy Use Intensity**



GAF PVC Best vs Industry-standard Assembly

Savings in Energy Use Intensity

2.96%

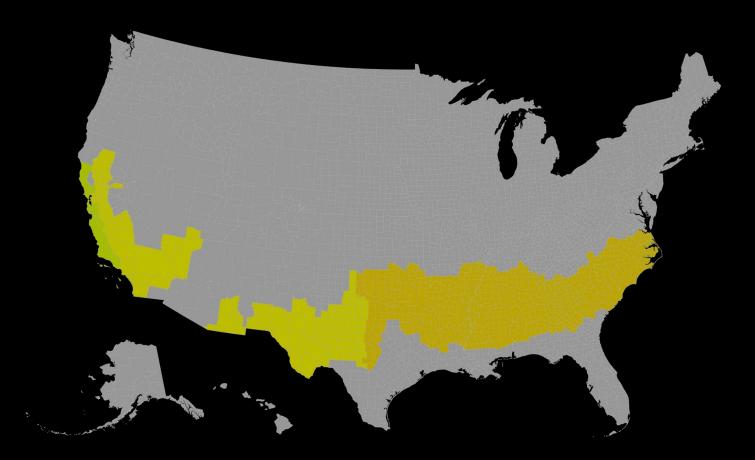
GAF TPO Best vs Industry-standard Assembly **2.96%**Savings in Energy Use

Intensity

### Climate Zone

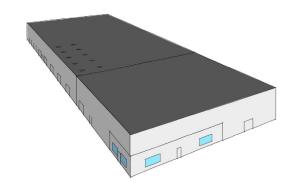
# 03

ASHRAE Climate Zone 3 is defined as a warm-humid climate according to the American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers (ASHRAE). This zone experiences fewer than 4500 heating degree days and between 4500 to 9000 cooling degree days (based on a base of 10°C). The warm-humid conditions in this zone necessitate strategies for managing both cooling and humidity control. It covers many southeastern U.S. states including regions of Texas, Louisiana, Mississippi, Alabama, Georgia, and South Carolina. Architectural design in this area focuses on optimizing air sealing and insulation to maintain comfortable indoor environments while minimizing the reliance on energy-intensive air conditioning systems. Features such as overhangs, shaded areas, and vapor barriers are commonly utilized to enhance building performance in this climate.



#### Data Center-Zone 3A (Atlanta, GA)

## **Embodied Carbon**

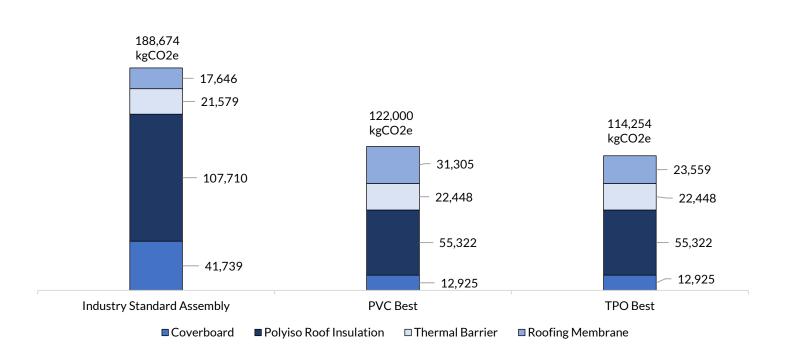


GAF PVC Best vs Industry-standard Assembly

GAF TPO Best vs Industry-standard Assembly 35.34%

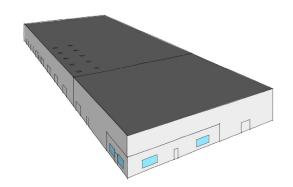
Savings in Embodied Carbon

39.44%



Data Center-Zone 3A (Atlanta, GA)

# **Energy Use Intensity**



GAF PVC Best vs Industry-standard Assembly

GAF TPO Best vs Industry-standard Assembly -0.01%

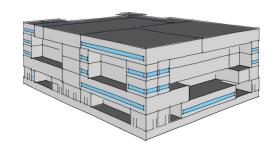
Savings in Energy Use Intensity

-0.01%

<sup>124</sup> 

#### Hospital - Zone 3A (Atlanta, GA)

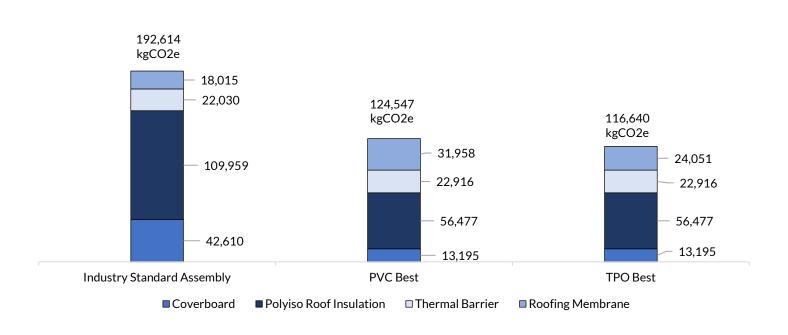
## **Embodied Carbon**



GAF PVC Best vs Industry-standard Assembly **35.34%**Savings in Embo

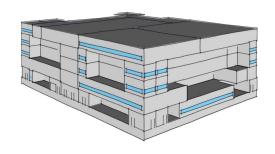
Savings in Embodied Carbon

GAF TPO Best vs Industry-standard Assembly 39.44%



Hospital - Zone 3A (Atlanta, GA)

# **Energy Use Intensity**



GAF PVC Best vs Industry-standard Assembly

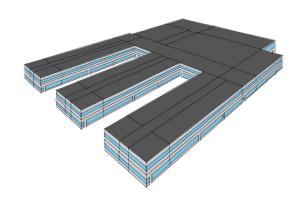
GAF TPO Best vs Industry-standard Assembly 0.21%

Savings in Energy Use Intensity

0.21%

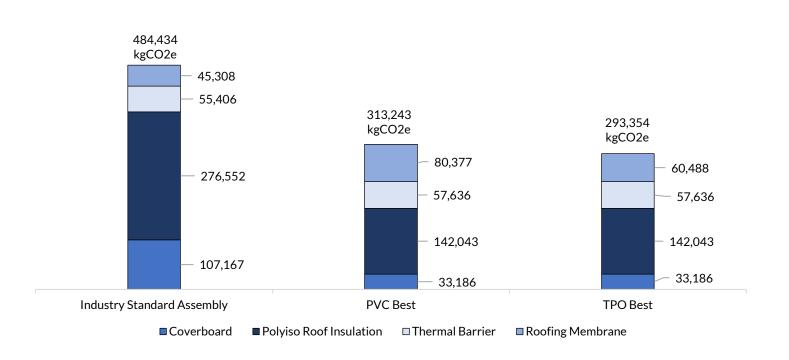
Secondary School - Zone 3A (Atlanta, GA)

## **Embodied Carbon**



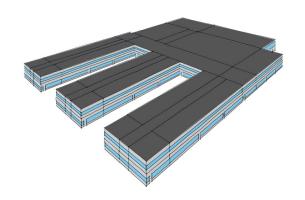
GAF PVC Best vs Industry-standard Assembly 35.34%
Savings in Embodied Carbon

GAF TPO Best vs Industry-standard Assembly



Secondary School - Zone 3A (Atlanta, GA)

# **Energy Use Intensity**



GAF PVC Best vs Industry-standard Assembly

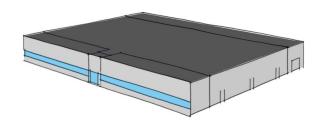
GAF TPO Best vs Industry-standard Assembly -0.15%

Savings in Energy Use Intensity

-0.15%

#### Retail - Zone 3A (Atlanta, GA)

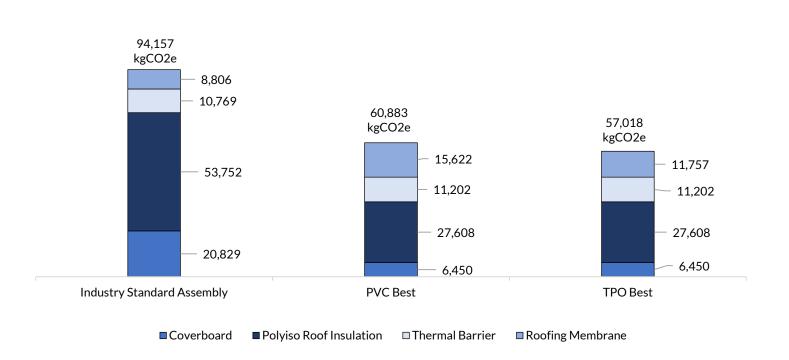
## **Embodied Carbon**



GAF PVC Best vs Industry-standard Assembly 35.34%

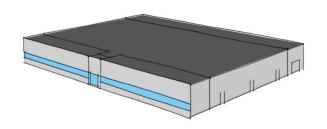
Savings in Embodied Carbon

GAF TPO Best vs Industry-standard Assembly 39.44%



Retail - Zone 3A (Atlanta, GA)

# **Energy Use Intensity**



GAF PVC Best vs Industry-standard Assembly

1ntensity **2.05%** 

2.05%

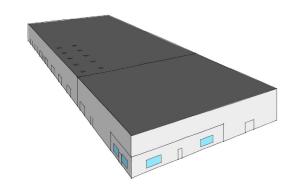
GAF TPO Best vs Industry-standard Assembly

Savings in Energy Use Intensity

Savings in Energy Use

Warehouse - Zone 3A (Atlanta, GA)

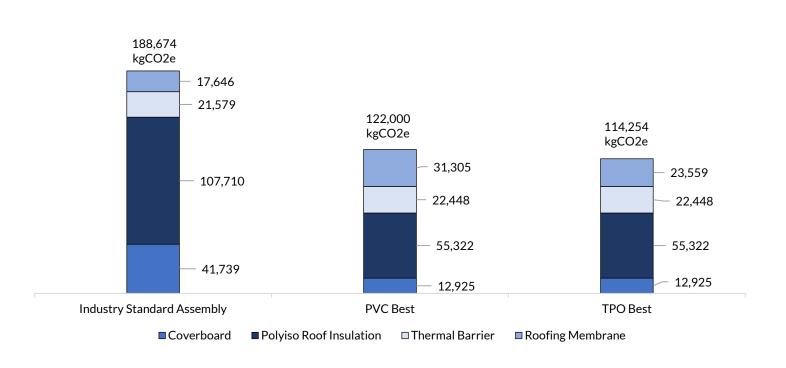
## **Embodied Carbon**



GAF PVC Best vs Industry-standard Assembly 35.34%

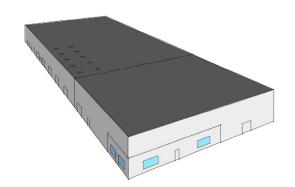
Savings in Embodied Carbon

GAF TPO Best vs Industry-standard Assembly 39.44%



Warehouse - Zone 3A (Atlanta, GA)

# **Energy Use Intensity**



GAF PVC Best vs Industry-standard Assembly

GAF TPO Best vs Industry-standard Assembly 4.73%

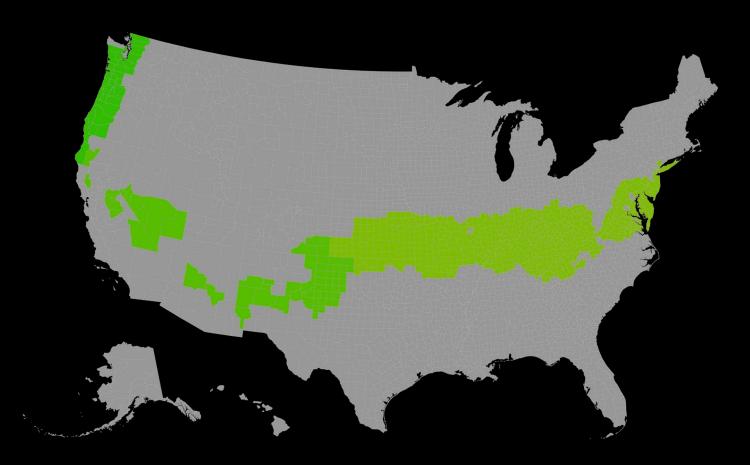
Savings in Energy Use Intensity

4.73%

### Climate Zone

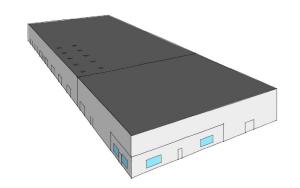
# 04

ASHRAE Climate Zone 4 is designated as a **mixed-humid climate**, according to the standards established by the American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers (ASHRAE). This zone experiences **fewer than 4500 heating degree days** and **between 4500 to 9000 cooling degree days** (based on a base of 10°C). The climate here includes distinct seasonal variations with both moderate heating in winter and significant cooling requirements in the summer, necessitating versatile climate control solutions in buildings. Zone 4 covers parts of the **Mid-Atlantic, including some regions of Virginia, North Carolina, Tennessee, and as far west as parts of Kansas and Oklahoma**. Effective strategies in this climate typically involve balanced insulation, energy-efficient windows, and moisture control systems to handle the relatively high humidity and varying temperatures throughout the year.



#### Data Center- Zone 4A (Baltimore, MD)

## **Embodied Carbon**



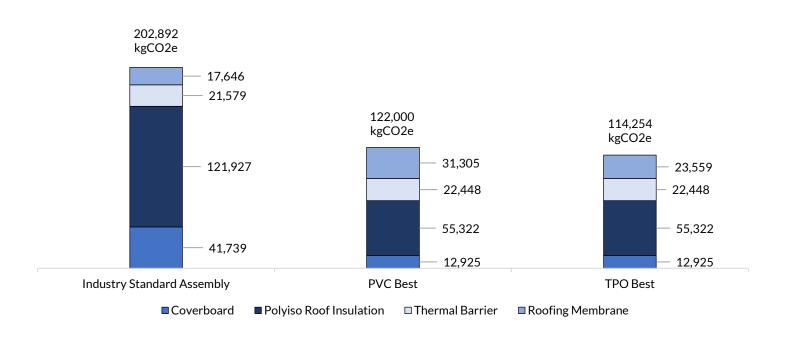
GAF PVC Best vs Industry-standard Assembly

Assembly

GAF TPO Best vs Industry-standard 39.87%

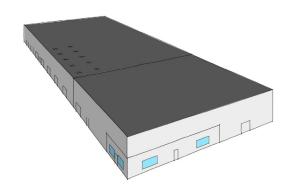
Savings in Embodied Carbon

43.69%



Data Center-Zone 4A (Baltimore, MD)

# **Energy Use Intensity**



GAF PVC Best vs Industry-standard Assembly

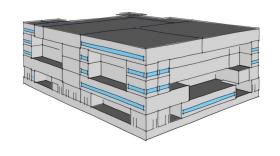
GAF TPO Best vs Industry-standard Assembly 0.00%

Savings in Energy Use Intensity

0.00%

#### Hospital - Zone 4A (Baltimore, MD)

## **Embodied Carbon**

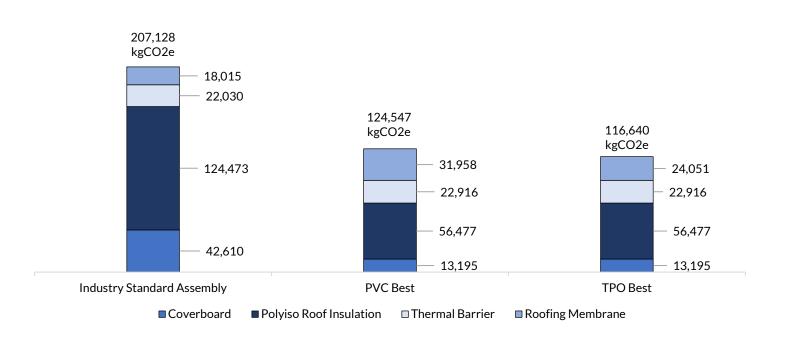


GAF PVC Best vs Industry-standard Assembly

GAF TPO Best vs Industry-standard Assembly 39.87%

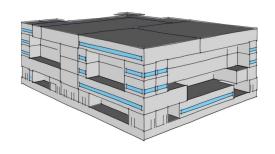
Savings in Embodied Carbon

43.69%



Hospital - Zone 4A (Baltimore, MD)

# **Energy Use Intensity**



GAF PVC Best vs Industry-standard Assembly

GAF TPO Best vs Industry-standard Assembly 0.05%

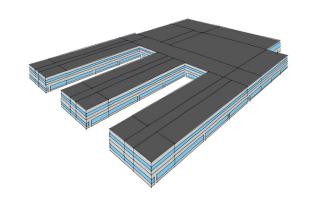
Savings in Energy Use Intensity

0.05%

<sup>137</sup> 

Secondary School - Zone 4A (Baltimore, MD)

## **Embodied Carbon**

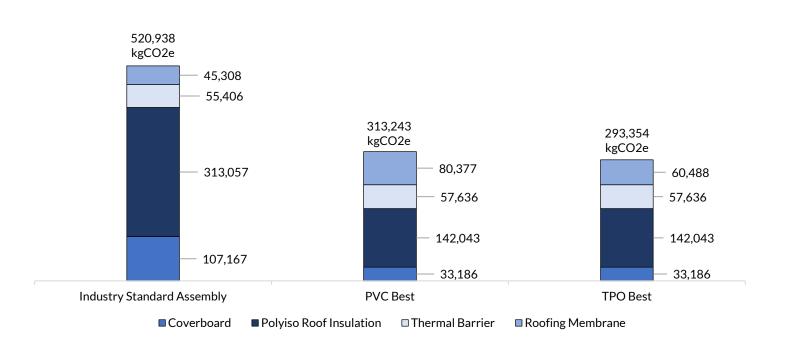


GAF PVC Best vs Industry-standard Assembly

GAF TPO Best vs Industry-standard Assembly 39.87%

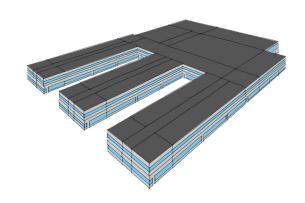
Savings in Embodied Carbon

43.69%



Secondary School - Zone 4A (Baltimore, MD)

# **Energy Use Intensity**



GAF PVC Best vs Industry-standard Assembly

GAF TPO Best vs Industry-standard Assembly 0.15%

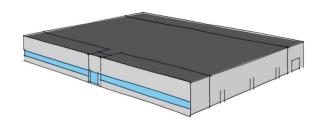
Savings in Energy Use Intensity

0.15%

<sup>139</sup> 

#### Retail - Zone 4A (Baltimore, MD)

## **Embodied Carbon**

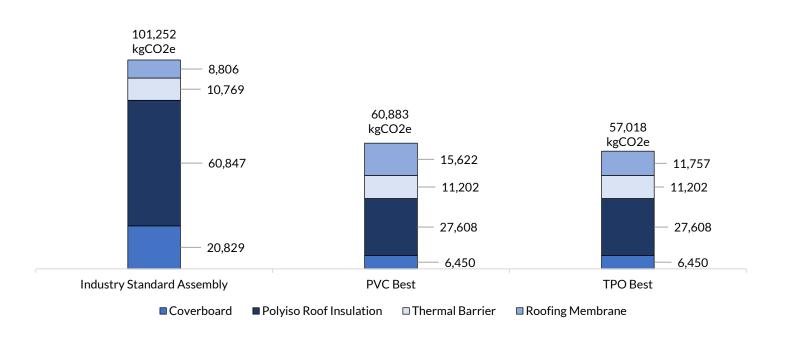


GAF PVC Best vs Industry-standard Assembly

Savings in Embodied Carbon

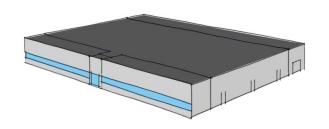
GAF TPO Best vs Industry-standard Assembly 43.69 %
Savings in Embodied Carbon

39.87%



Retail - Zone 4A (Baltimore, MD)

# **Energy Use Intensity**



GAF PVC Best vs Industry-standard Assembly

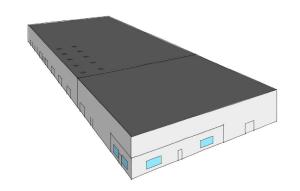
Savings in Energy Use Intensity

GAF TPO Best vs Industry-standard Assembly -2.90%

-2.90%

Warehouse - Zone 4A (Baltimore, MD)

## **Embodied Carbon**

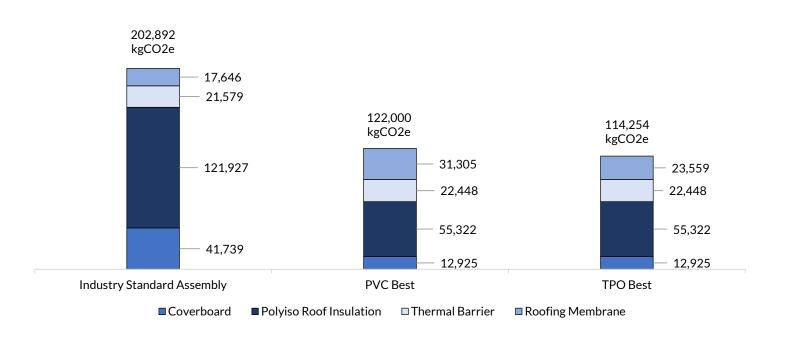


GAF PVC Best vs Industry-standard Assembly

GAF TPO Best vs Industry-standard Assembly 39.87%

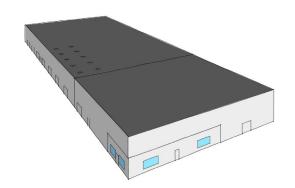
Savings in Embodied Carbon

43.69%



Warehouse - Zone 4A (Baltimore, MD)

## **Energy Use Intensity**



GAF PVC Best vs Industry-standard Assembly

GAF TPO Best vs Industry-standard Assembly 0.72%

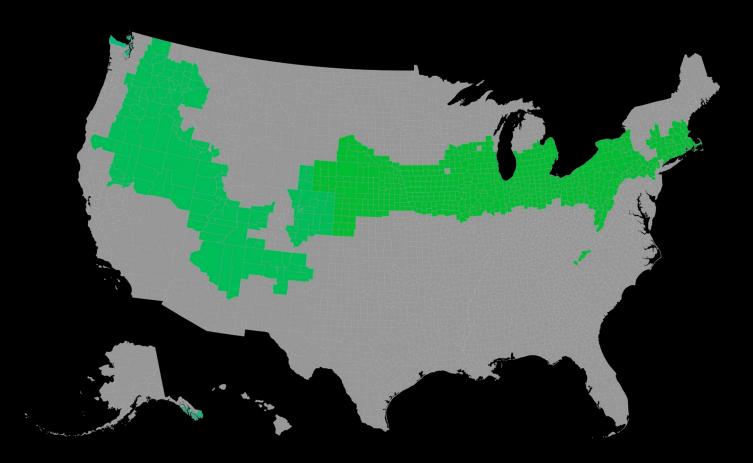
Savings in Energy Use Intensity

0.72%

### Climate Zone

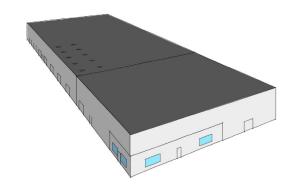
# 05

ASHRAE Climate Zone 5 is classified as a **mixed-dry climate**, according to the standards of the American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers (ASHRAE). This zone experiences **between 4500 and 9000 heating degree days** and **fewer than 4500 cooling degree days** (based on a base of 10°C). The climate in this zone features significant seasonal temperature swings, with cold winters and moderately warm summers, necessitating diverse heating strategies and moderate cooling approaches. Zone 5 encompasses parts of the **interior United States**, **including regions such as parts of Colorado**, **Nebraska**, **and Missouri**. Building strategies in this area often focus on maximizing insulation, utilizing solar heat gain in the winter while minimizing it in the summer, and incorporating efficient heating systems to cope with the colder months while <u>using less extensive cool</u>ing systems for the summer.



#### Data Center- Zone 5A (Chicago, IL)

### **Embodied Carbon**

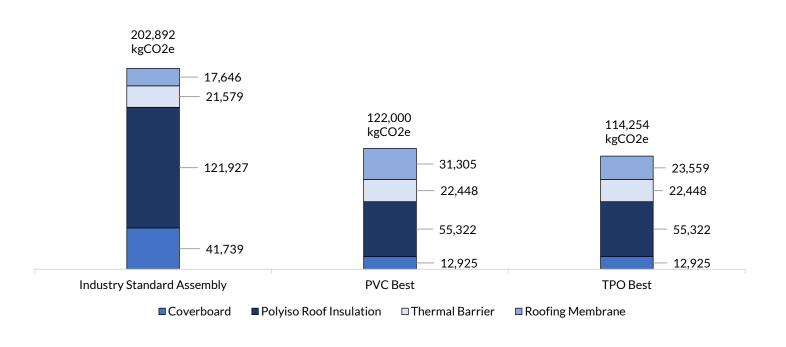


GAF PVC Best vs Industry-standard Assembly

GAF TPO Best vs Industry-standard Assembly 39.87%

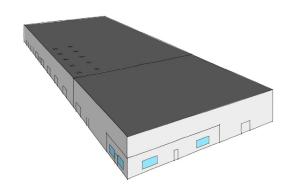
Savings in Embodied Carbon

43.69%



Data Center- Zone 5A (Chicago, IL)

# **Energy Use Intensity**



GAF PVC Best vs Industry-standard Assembly

GAF TPO Best vs Industry-standard Assembly 0.00%

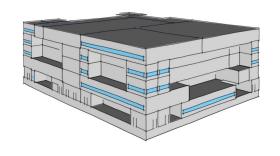
Savings in Energy Use Intensity

0.00%

<sup>146</sup> 

#### Hospital - Zone 5A (Chicago, IL)

### **Embodied Carbon**

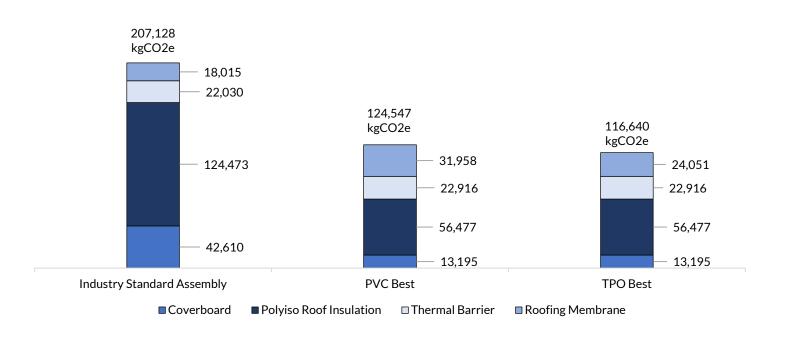


GAF PVC Best vs Industry-standard Assembly

GAF TPO Best vs Industry-standard Assembly 39.87%

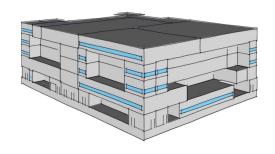
Savings in Embodied Carbon

43.69%



Hospital - Zone 5A (Chicago, IL)

### **Energy Use Intensity**



GAF PVC Best vs Industry-standard Assembly

GAF TPO Best vs Industry-standard Assembly 0.01%

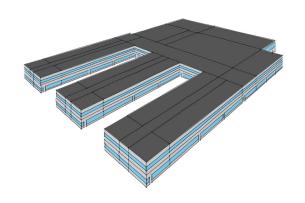
Savings in Energy Use Intensity

0.01%

<sup>148</sup> 

#### Secondary School - Zone 5A (Chicago, IL)

### **Embodied Carbon**

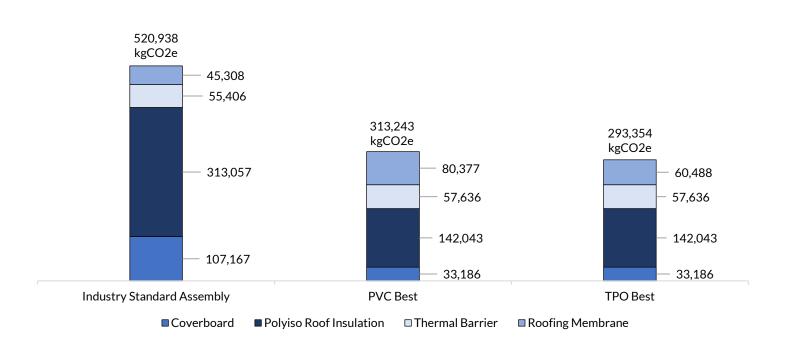


GAF PVC Best vs Industry-standard Assembly

GAF TPO Best vs Industry-standard Assembly 39.87%

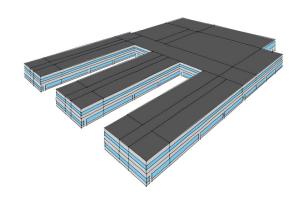
Savings in Embodied Carbon

43.69%



Secondary School - Zone 5A (Chicago, IL)

### **Energy Use Intensity**



GAF PVC Best vs Industry-standard Assembly

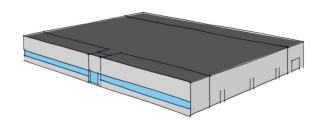
GAF TPO Best vs Industry-standard Assembly 0.26%

Savings in Energy Use Intensity

0.26%

#### Retail - Zone 5A (Chicago, IL)

### **Embodied Carbon**



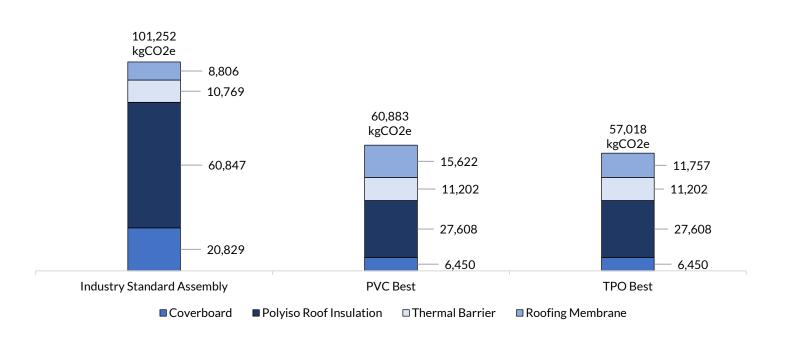
GAF PVC Best vs Industry-standard Assembly

Assembly

GAF TPO Best vs Industry-standard 39.87%

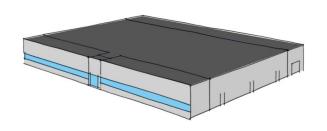
Savings in Embodied Carbon

43.69%



Retail - Zone 5A (Chicago, IL)

# **Energy Use Intensity**



GAF PVC Best vs Industry-standard Assembly

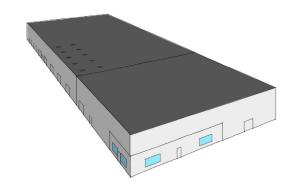
GAF TPO Best vs Industry-standard Assembly 0.93%

Savings in Energy Use Intensity

0.93%

Warehouse - Zone 5A (Chicago, IL)

### **Embodied Carbon**

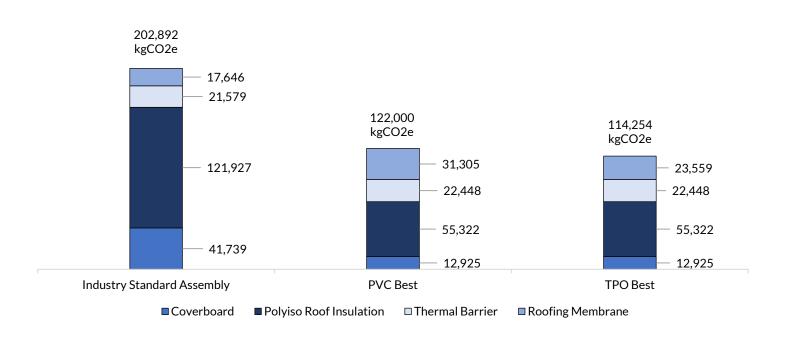


GAF PVC Best vs Industry-standard Assembly

GAF TPO Best vs Industry-standard Assembly 39.87%

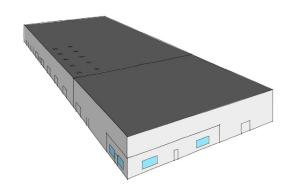
Savings in Embodied Carbon

43.69%



Warehouse - Zone 5A (Chicago, IL)

# **Energy Use Intensity**



GAF PVC Best vs Industry-standard Assembly

GAF TPO Best vs Industry-standard Assembly 0.75%

Savings in Energy Use Intensity

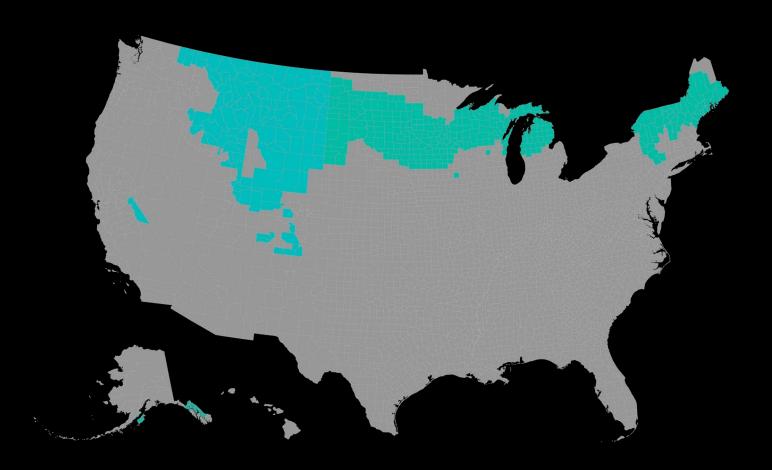
0.75%

<sup>154</sup> 

#### Climate Zone

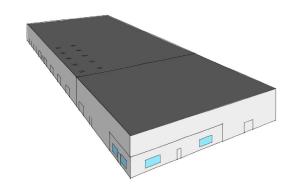
# 06

ASHRAE Climate Zone 6 is categorized as a **cold climate**, according to the specifications set by the American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers (ASHRAE). This zone is defined by having **9000 to 12,000 heating degree days** (based on a base of 10°C) and **fewer than 4500 cooling degree days**, indicating significant heating needs due to the cold winters and only moderate cooling requirements during the short summers. Zone 6 includes much of the **northern United States**, **covering areas such as parts of Massachusetts**, **Michigan**, **and as far west as Idaho**. In this climate, building designs typically emphasize robust insulation, high-performance windows, and controlled ventilation to prevent heat loss during the long, cold winter months, while cooling strategies remain relatively simple due to the mild summer conditions.



#### Data Center-Zone 6A (Minneapolis, MN)

### **Embodied Carbon**

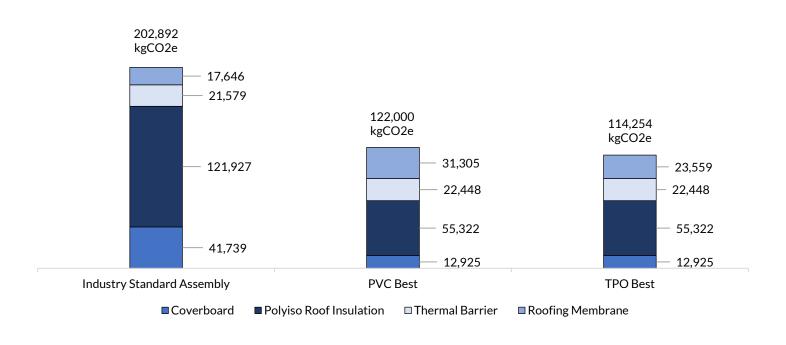


GAF PVC Best vs Industry-standard Assembly

GAF TPO Best vs Industry-standard Assembly 39.87%

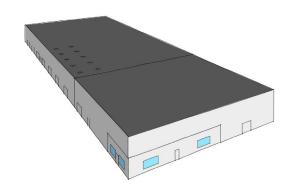
Savings in Embodied Carbon

43.69%



Data Center- Zone 6A (Minneapolis, MN)

## **Energy Use Intensity**



GAF PVC Best vs Industry-standard Assembly

GAF TPO Best vs Industry-standard Assembly 0.00%

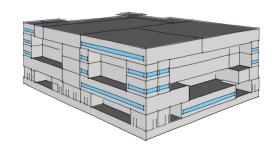
Savings in Energy Use Intensity

0.00%

<sup>157</sup> 

#### Hospital - Zone 6A (Minneapolis, MN)

### **Embodied Carbon**

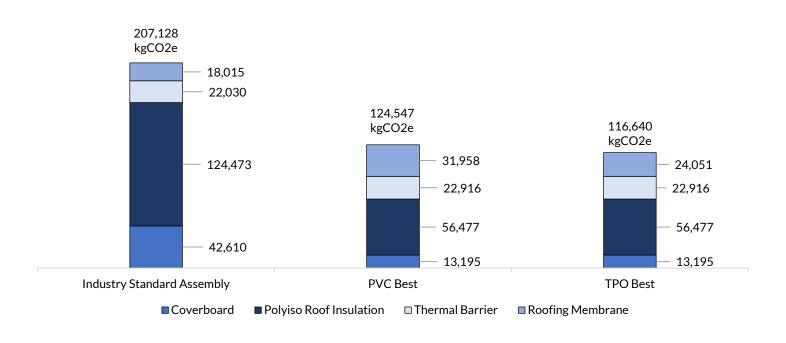


GAF PVC Best vs Industry-standard Assembly

GAF TPO Best vs Industry-standard Assembly 39.87%

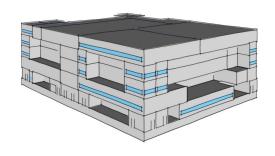
Savings in Embodied Carbon

43.69%



Hospital - Zone 6A (Minneapolis, MN)

# **Energy Use Intensity**



GAF PVC Best vs Industry-standard Assembly

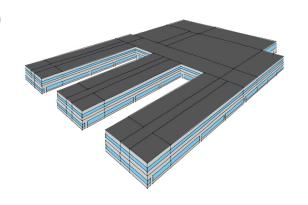
GAF TPO Best vs Industry-standard Assembly 0.07%

Savings in Energy Use Intensity

0.07%

Secondary School - Zone 6A (Minneapolis, MN)

### **Embodied Carbon**

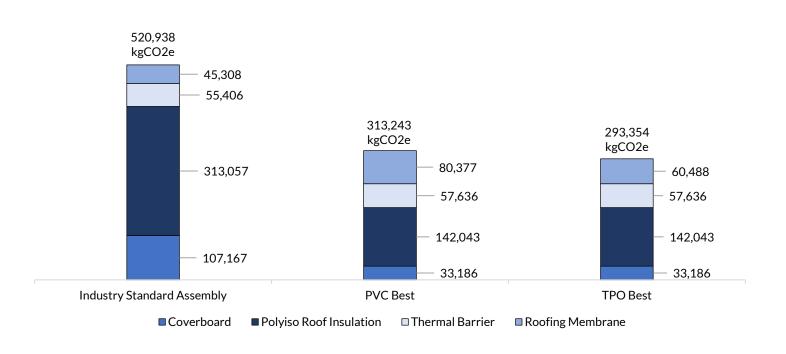


GAF PVC Best vs Industry-standard Assembly

GAF TPO Best vs Industry-standard Assembly 39.87%

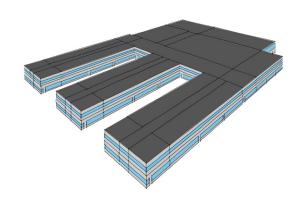
Savings in Embodied Carbon

43.69%



Secondary School - Zone 6A (Minneapolis, MN)

### **Energy Use Intensity**



GAF PVC Best vs Industry-standard Assembly

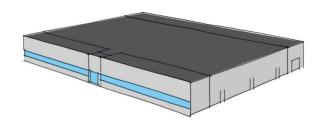
GAF TPO Best vs Industry-standard Assembly 0.32%

Savings in Energy Use Intensity

0.32%

#### Retail - Zone 6A (Minneapolis, MN)

### **Embodied Carbon**

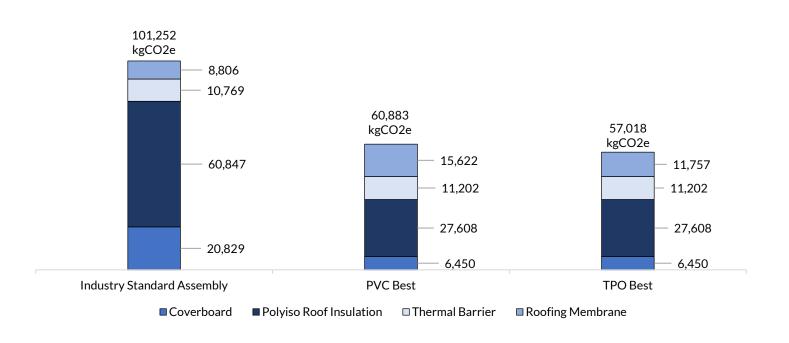


GAF PVC Best vs Industry-standard Assembly

GAF TPO Best vs Industry-standard Assembly 39.87%

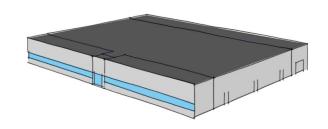
Savings in Embodied Carbon

43.69%



Retail - Zone 6A (Minneapolis, MN)

### **Energy Use Intensity**



GAF PVC Best vs Industry-standard Assembly

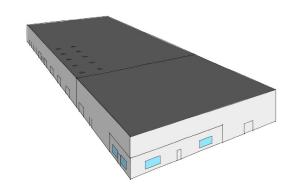
GAF TPO Best vs Industry-standard Assembly 0.75%

Savings in Energy Use Intensity

0.75%

Warehouse - Zone 6A (Minneapolis, MN)

### **Embodied Carbon**

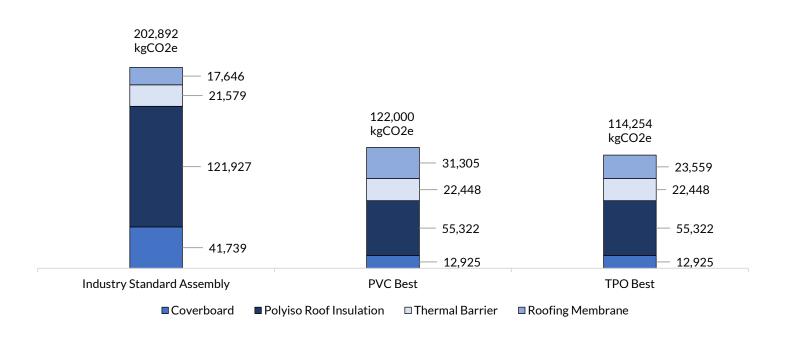


GAF PVC Best vs Industry-standard Assembly

GAF TPO Best vs Industry-standard Assembly 39.87%

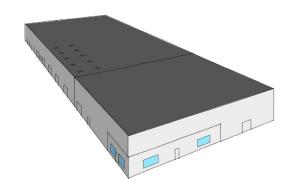
Savings in Embodied Carbon

43.69%



Warehouse - Zone 6A (Minneapolis, MN)

## **Energy Use Intensity**



GAF PVC Best vs Industry-standard Assembly

GAF TPO Best vs Industry-standard Assembly 0.77%

Savings in Energy Use Intensity

0.77%

#### Climate Zone

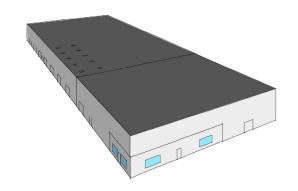
# 07

ASHRAE Climate Zone 7 is classified as a **very cold climate**, according to the American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers (ASHRAE). This zone experiences **more than 12,000 heating degree days** (based on a base of 10°C) and **fewer than 4500 cooling degree days**, highlighting an intense need for heating solutions due to the harsh winter conditions and minimal cooling requirements during the brief, mild summers. Zone 7 is found in the **northernmost parts of the United States, including regions like northern Minnesota, parts of North Dakota, and areas in Montana**. Building strategies in this zone focus on maximizing thermal resistance with extensive insulation, triple-glazed windows, and advanced heating systems designed to operate efficiently under extreme cold. Additionally, air sealing to minimize heat leakage and incorporating energy recovery ventilation systems are crucial to maintaining indoor air quality and warmth throughout the severe winter months.



#### Data Center-Zone 7A (Duluth, MN)

### **Embodied Carbon**

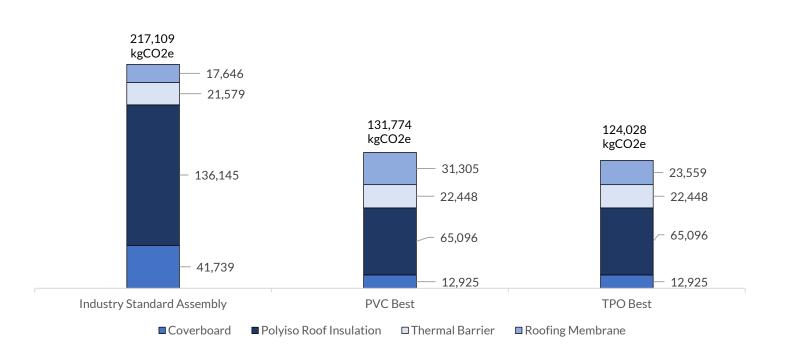


GAF PVC Best vs Industry-standard Assembly

Savings in Embodied Carbon

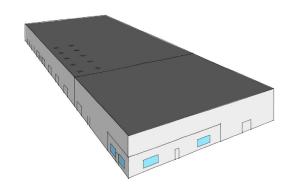
39.31%

GAF TPO Best vs Industry-standard Assembly



Data Center-Zone 7A (Duluth, MN)

## **Energy Use Intensity**



GAF PVC Best vs Industry-standard Assembly

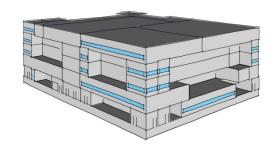
GAF TPO Best vs Industry-standard Assembly -0.01%

Savings in Energy Use Intensity

-0.01%

#### Hospital - Zone 7A (Duluth, MN)

### **Embodied Carbon**



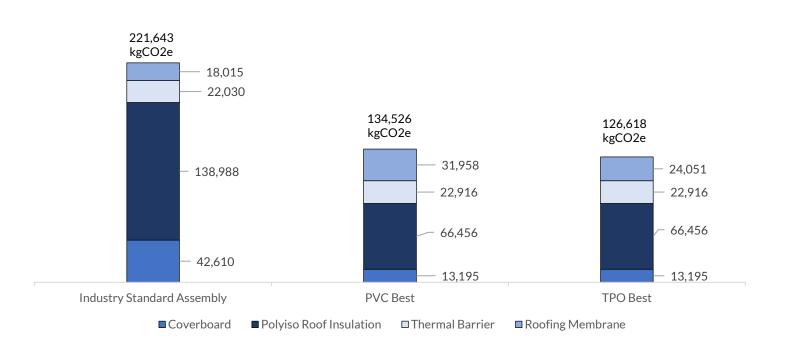
GAF PVC Best vs Industry-standard Assembly

Assembly

GAF TPO Best vs Industry-standard 39.31%

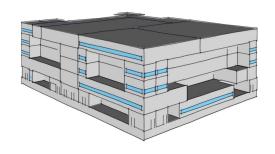
Savings in Embodied Carbon

42.87%



Hospital - Zone 7A (Duluth, MN)

# **Energy Use Intensity**



GAF PVC Best vs Industry-standard Assembly

GAF TPO Best vs Industry-standard Assembly 0.21%

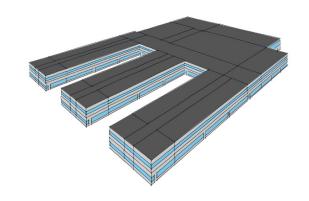
Savings in Energy Use Intensity

0.21%

<sup>170</sup> 

Secondary School - Zone 7A (Duluth, MN)

### **Embodied Carbon**

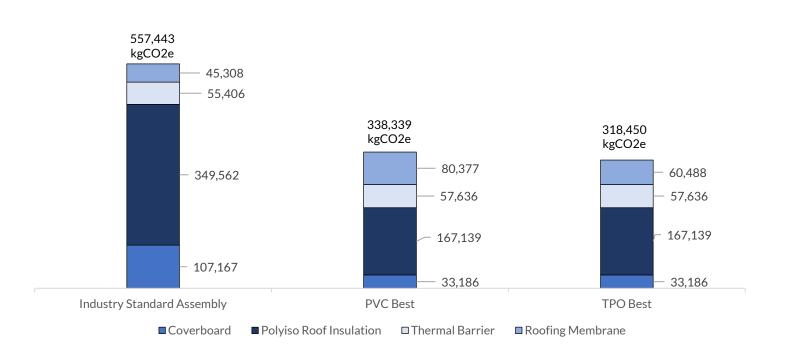


GAF PVC Best vs Industry-standard Assembly

GAF TPO Best vs Industry-standard Assembly 39.31%

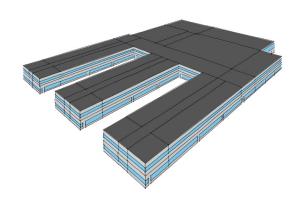
Savings in Embodied Carbon

42.87%



Secondary School - Zone 7A (Duluth, MN)

## **Energy Use Intensity**



GAF PVC Best vs Industry-standard Assembly

GAF TPO Best vs Industry-standard Assembly 1.00%

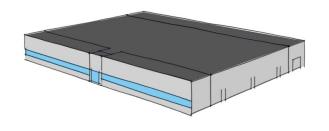
Savings in Energy Use Intensity

1.00%

<sup>172</sup> 

#### Retail - Zone 7A (Duluth, MN)

### **Embodied Carbon**



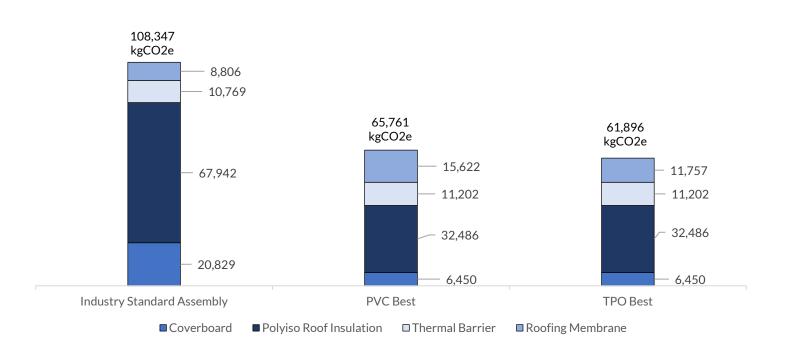
GAF PVC Best vs Industry-standard Assembly

Assembly

GAF TPO Best vs Industry-standard 39.31%

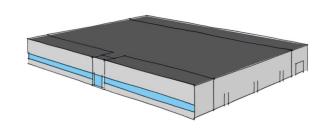
Savings in Embodied Carbon

42.87%



Retail - Zone 7A (Duluth, MN)

# **Energy Use Intensity**



GAF PVC Best vs Industry-standard Assembly

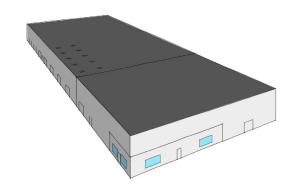
GAF TPO Best vs Industry-standard Assembly 1.68%

Savings in Energy Use Intensity

1.68%

Warehouse - Zone 7A (Duluth, MN)

### **Embodied Carbon**

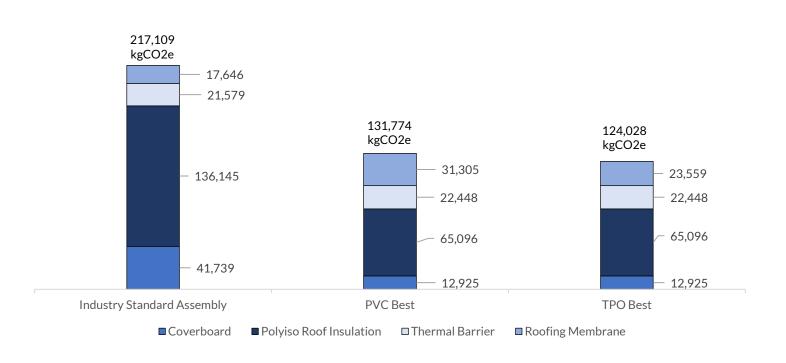


GAF PVC Best vs Industry-standard Assembly

Savings in Embodied Carbon

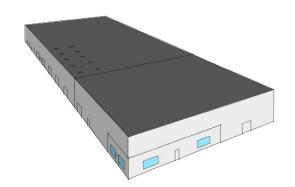
39.31%

GAF TPO Best vs Industry-standard Assembly



Warehouse - Zone 7A (Duluth, MN)

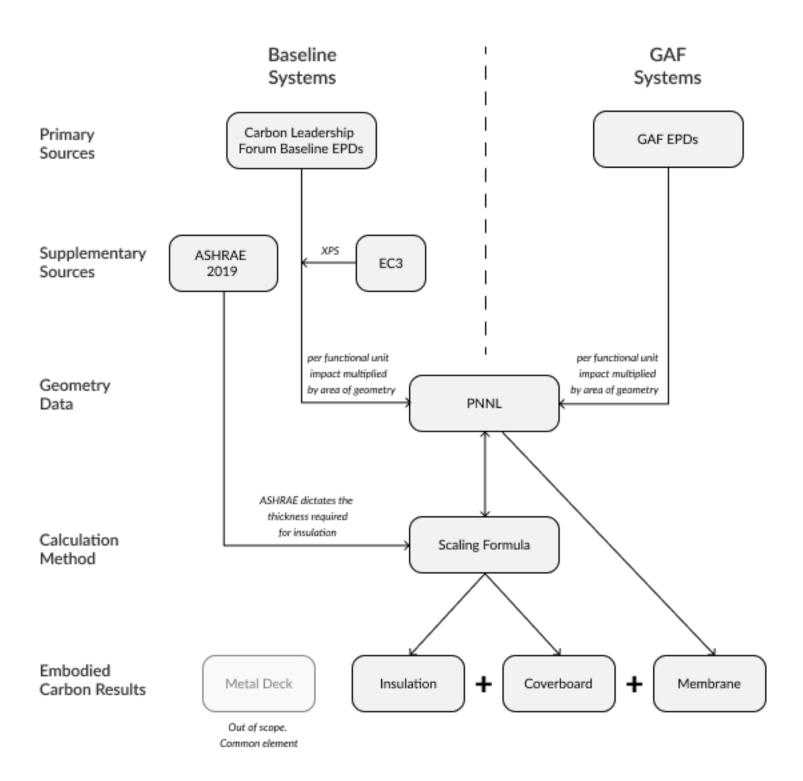
# **Energy Use Intensity**



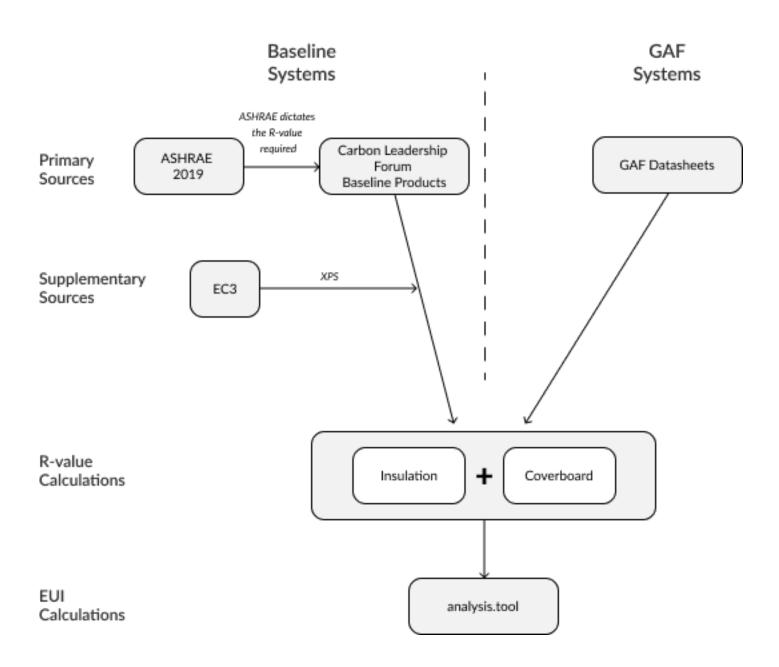
GAF PVC Best vs Industry-standard Assembly **2.31%**Savings in Energy Use Intensity

GAF TPO Best vs Industry-standard Assembly 2.31%

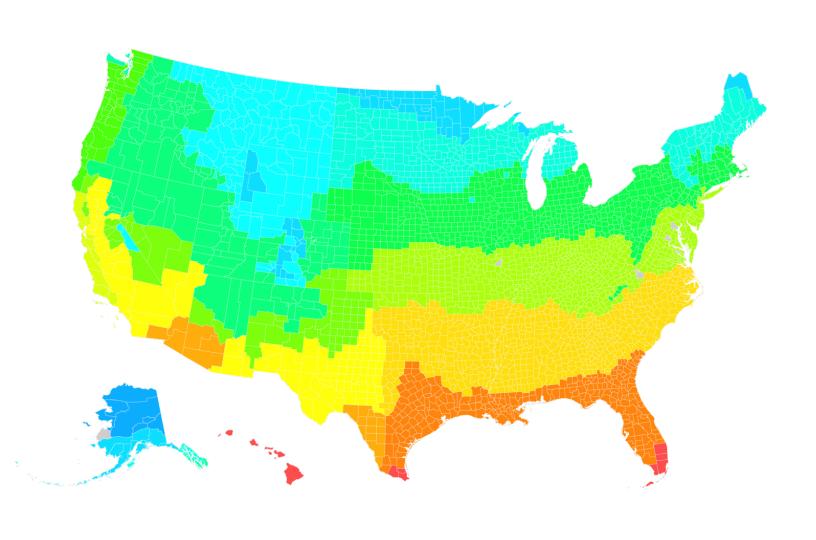
# **Embodied Carbon Methodology**



# **EUI Simulation Methodology**



# **ASHRAE 2021 Climate Zone Map**





# **PNNL Geometry Data**

Table 01: PNNL Geometry Data

Building Type	Number of Floors	Floor Area (ft2)	Roof Area (ft2)	
Data Center	Data Center 2		49096.15	
Hospital	Hospital 6		50365.33	
Secondary School	2	210886.53	126671.59	
Stand-alone Retail	Stand-alone Retail 1		24620.33	
Warehouse	2	52823.11	49096.15	

Table 02: Industry-standard Assembly 01

Climate Zone	Polyiso Thickness (inch)	Number of Boards	Embodied Carbon for Polyiso (kgCO2e/ft2)	Embodied Carbon for Roofing Membrane (kg/CO2e/ft2)	Assembly Carbon (kgCO2e/ft2)	
2	1.8	1	0.70	0.27	2.04	
2	2.6	1	0.98	0.36		
3	1.8	1	0.70	0.36	2.04	
3	2.6	1	0.98	0.36		
4	2.6	2	1.96	0.36	2.32	
5	2.6	2	1.96	0.36	2.32	
6	2.6	2	1.96	0.36	2.32	
7	2.6	1	0.98	0.24	2.65	
/	3.5	1	1.31	0.36		

Table 03: Industry-standard Assembly 02

Climate Zone	Polyiso Thickness (inch)	Number of Boards	Embodied Carbon for Polyiso (kgCO2e/ft2)	Embodied Carbon for Polyiso Coverboard (kg/CO2e/ft2)	Embodied Carbon for Roofing Membrane (kg/CO2e/ft2)	Assembly Carbon (kgCO2e/ft2)	
2	1.8	1	0.70	0.05	0.27	2.00	
2	2.6	1	0.98	0.85	0.36	2.88	
2	1.8	1	0.70	0.85	0.36	2.88	
3	2.6	1	0.98	0.65	0.36	2.00	
4	2.6	2	1.96	0.85	0.36	3.16	
5	2.6	2	1.96	0.85	0.36	3.16	
6	2.6	2	1.96	0.85	0.36	3.16	
7	2.6	1	0.98	0.85	0.24	2.50	
/	3.5	1	1.31	0.85	0.36	3.50	

Table 04: Industry-standard Assembly 03

Climate Zone	Polyiso Thickness (inch)	Number of Boards	Embodied Carbon for Polyiso (kgCO2e/ft2)	Embodied Carbon for Polyiso Coverboard (kg/CO2e/ft2)	Embodied Carbon for	Embodied Carbon for Roofing Membrane (kg/CO2e/ft2)	Assembly Carbon (kgCO2e/ft2)	
2	1.8	2	2.18	0.85	0.44	0.36	3.82	
3	1.8	2	2.18	0.85	0.44	0.36	3.82	
4	1.8 1 1.09	0.44 0.36		4.11				
4	2.6	1	1.38	0.85	0.44	0.36	4.11	
5	1.8	1	1.09	0.85	0.44			
5	2.6	1	1.38	0.85	0.44	0.36	4.11	
,	1.8	1	1.09	0.05	0.44	0.27	4.11	
6	2.6	1	1.38	0.85	0.44	0.36	4.11	
7	2.6	2	2.76	0.85	0.44	0.36	4.40	

Table 05: GAF PVC Good Assembly

Climate Zone	Polyiso Thickness (inch)	Number of Boards	Embodied Carbon for Polyiso (kgCO2e/ft2)	Embodied Carbon for PVC Membrane (kg/CO2e/ft2)	Assembly Carbon (kgCO2e/ft2)
2	2.6	2	0.871	0.38	1.25
3	2.6	2	0.871	0.38	1.25
4	2.6	2	0.871	0.38	1.25
5	2.6	2	0.871	0.38	1.25
6	2.6	2	0.871	0.38	1.25
7	3.2	2	1.068	0.38	1.44

Table 06: GAF PVC Better Assembly

Climate Zone	Polyiso Thickness (inch)	Number of Boards	Embodied Carbon for Polyiso (kgCO2e/ft2)	Embodied Carbon for PVC Membrane (kg/CO2e/ft2)	Assembly Carbon (kgCO2e/ft2)
2	2.6	2	0.871	0.45	1.31
3	2.6	2	0.871	0.45	1.31
4	2.6	2	0.871	0.45	1.31
5	2.6	2	0.871	0.45	1.31
6	2.6	2	0.871	0.45	1.31
7	3.2	2	1.068	0.45	1.51

Table 07: GAF PVC Best Assembly

Climate Zone	Polyiso Thickness (inch)	Number of Boards	Embodied Carbon for Polyiso (kgCO2e/ft2)	Embodied Carbon for Polyiso Coverboard (kg/CO2e/ft2)	Embodied Carbon for Thermal Barrier (kg/CO2e/ft2)	Embodied Carbon for PVC Membrane (kg/CO2e/ft2)	Assembly Carbon (kgCO2e/ft2)
2	2.4	2	1.12	0.26	0.46	0.63	2.47
3	2.4	2	1.12	0.26	0.46	0.63	2.47
4	2.4	2	1.12	0.26	0.46	0.63	2.47
5	2.4	2	1.12	0.26	0.46	0.63	2.47
6	2.4	2	1.12	0.26	0.46	0.63	2.47
7	3.0	2	1.32	0.26	0.46	0.63	2.67

Table 08: GAF TPO Good Assembly

Climate Zone	Polyiso Thickness (inch)	Number of Boards	Embodied Carbon for Polyiso (kgCO2e/ft2)	Embodied Carbon for TPO Membrane (kg/CO2e/ft2)	Assembly Carbon (kgCO2e/ft2)
2	2.6	2	0.871	0.404	1.275
3	2.6	2	0.871	0.404	1.275
4	2.6	2	0.871	0.404	1.275
5	2.6	2	0.871	0.404	1.275
6	2.6	2	0.871	0.404	1.275
7	3.2	2	1.068	0.404	1.472

Table 09: GAF TPO Better Assembly

Climate Zone	Polyiso Thickness (inch)	Number of Boards	Embodied Carbon for Polyiso (kgCO2e/ft2)	Embodied Carbon for Polyiso Coverboard (kg/CO2e/ft2)	Embodied Carbon for TPO Membrane (kg/CO2e/ft2)	Assembly Carbon (kgCO2e/ft2)
2	2.6	2	0.871	0.26	0.404	1.53
3	2.6	2	0.871	0.26	0.404	1.53
4	2.6	2	0.871	0.26	0.404	1.53
5	2.6	2	0.871	0.26	0.404	1.53
6	2.6	2	0.871	0.26	0.404	1.53
7	3.2	2	1.068	0.26	0.404	1.73

Table 10: GAF TPO Best Assembly

Climate Zone	Polyiso Thickness (inch)	Number of Boards	Embodied Carbon for Polyiso (kgCO2e/ft2)	Embodied Carbon for Polyiso Coverboard (kg/CO2e/ft2)	Embodied Carbon for Thermal Barrier (kg/CO2e/ft2)	Embodied Carbon for TPO Membrane (kg/CO2e/ft2)	Assembly Carbon (kgCO2e/ft2)
2	2.4	2	1.12	0.26	0.46	0.48	2.32
3	2.4	2	1.12	0.26	0.46	0.48	2.32
4	2.4	2	1.12	0.26	0.46	0.48	2.32
5	2.4	2	1.12	0.26	0.46	0.48	2.32
6	2.4	2	1.12	0.26	0.46	0.48	2.32
7	3.0	2	1.32	0.26	0.46	0.48	2.51

### **Data Center**

Table 11: Embodied Carbon Comparison (Data Center)

Climate Zone	Baseline for PVC Good, Better and TPO Good (kgCO2e)	Baseline for TPO Better (kgCO2e)	Baseline for PVC and TPO Best (kgCO2e)	PVC Good (kgCO2e)	PVC Better (kgCO2e)	PVC Best (kgCO2e)	TPO Good (kgCO2e)	TPO Better (kgCO2e)	TPO Best (kgCO2e)
2	100,570.66	142,309.32	188,673.62	61,492.41	64,690.66	121,999.32	62,913.26	75,599.13	114,253.39
3	100,570.66	142,309.32	188,673.62	61,492.41	64,690.66	121,999.32	62,913.26	75,599.13	114,253.39
4	114,314.37	156,053.03	202,891.30	61,492.41	64,690.66	121,999.32	62,913.26	75,599.13	114,253.39
5	114,314.37	156,053.03	202,891.30	61,492.41	64,690.66	121,999.32	62,913.26	75,599.13	114,253.39
6	114,314.37	156,053.03	202,891.30	61,492.41	64,690.66	121,999.32	62,913.26	75,599.13	114,253.39
7	130,705.96	172,444.61	217,108.99	71,211.41	74,354.44	131,773.54	72,632.26	85,262.91	124,027.61

Table 12: Energy Use Intensity Comparison (Data Center)

Climate Zone	Baseline for PVC Good, Better and TPO Good (kBTU / sqft)	Baseline for TPO Better (kBTU / sqft)	Baseline for PVC and TPO Best (kBTU / sqft)	PVC Good (kBTU / sqft)	PVC Better (kBTU / sqft)	PVC Best (kBTU / sqft)	TPO Good (kBTU / sqft)	TPO Better (kBTU / sqft)	TPO Best (kBTU / sqft)
2	4,437.49	4,437.60	4,437.47	4,437.73	4,437.73	4,437.76	4,437.73	4,437.83	4,437.76
3	4,435.00	4,435.19	4,434.98	4,435.40	4,435.40	4,435.45	4,435.40	4,435.57	4,435.45
4	4,431.22	4,431.41	4,431.20	4,431.22	4,431.22	4,431.29	4,431.22	4,431.45	4,431.29
5	4,428.92	4,429.14	4,428.90	4,428.92	4,428.92	4,429.00	4,428.92	4,429.20	4,429.00
6	4,427.17	4,427.43	4,427.14	4,427.17	4,427.17	4,427.26	4,427.17	4,427.48	4,427.26
7	4,281.66	4,281.86	4,281.55	4,281.83	4,281.83	4,281.90	4,281.83	4,282.07	4,281.90

# Hospital

Table 13: Embodied Carbon Comparison (Hospital)

Climate Zone	Baseline for PVC Good, Better and TPO Good (kgCO2e)	Baseline for TPO Better (kgCO2e)	Baseline for PVC and TPO Best (kgCO2e)	PVC Good (kgCO2e)	PVC Better (kgCO2e)	PVC Best (kgCO2e)	TPO Good (kgCO2e)	TPO Better (kgCO2e)	TPO Best (kgCO2e)
2	102,670.66	145,280.86	192,613.29	62,776.42	66,041.46	124,546.77	64,226.94	77,177.71	116,639.10
3	102,670.66	145,280.86	192,613.29	62,776.42	66,041.46	124,546.77	64,226.94	77,177.71	116,639.10
4	116,701.35	159,311.55	207,127.85	62,776.42	66,041.46	124,546.77	64,226.94	77,177.71	116,639.10
5	116,701.35	159,311.55	207,127.85	62,776.42	66,041.46	124,546.77	64,226.94	77,177.71	116,639.10
6	116,701.35	159,311.55	207,127.85	62,776.42	66,041.46	124,546.77	64,226.94	77,177.71	116,639.10
7	133,435.21	176,045.40	221,642.40	72,698.36	75,907.02	134,525.09	74,148.88	87,043.27	126,617.41

Table 14: Energy Use Intensity Comparison (Hospital)

Climate Zone	Baseline for PVC Good, Better and TPO Good (kBTU / sqft)	Baseline for TPO Better (kBTU / sqft)	Baseline for PVC and TPO Best (kBTU / sqft)	PVC Good (kBTU / sqft)	PVC Better (kBTU / sqft)	PVC Best (kBTU / sqft)	TPO Good (kBTU / sqft)	TPO Better (kBTU / sqft)	TPO Best (kBTU / sqft)
2	51.44	49.07	49.06	51.46	51.46	51.46	51.46	51.55	51.46
3	51.69	51.64	51.69	51.59	51.59	51.58	51.59	51.55	51.58
4	62.88	62.80	62.88	62.88	62.88	62.85	62.88	62.82	62.85
5	75.67	75.56	75.68	75.71	75.71	75.67	75.71	75.54	75.67
6	91.37	91.23	91.38	91.37	91.37	91.32	91.37	91.19	91.32
7	110.91	110.77	110.98	110.79	110.79	110.75	110.79	110.64	110.75

### **School**

Table 15: Embodied Carbon Comparison (School)

Climate Zone	Baseline for PVC Good, Better and TPO Good (kgCO2e)	Baseline for TPO Better (kgCO2e)	Baseline for PVC and TPO Best (kgCO2e)	PVC Good (kgCO2e)	PVC Better (kgCO2e)	PVC Best (kgCO2e)	TPO Good (kgCO2e)	TPO Better (kgCO2e)	TPO Best (kgCO2e)
2	258,222.39	365,389.38	484,433.07	157,886.18	166,097.91	313,242.02	161,534.32	194,106.20	293,353.78
3	258,222.39	365,389.38	484,433.07	157,886.18	166,097.91	313,242.02	161,534.32	194,106.20	293,353.78
4	293,510.36	400,677.35	520,937.99	157,886.18	166,097.91	313,242.02	161,534.32	194,106.20	293,353.78
5	293,510.36	400,677.35	520,937.99	157,886.18	166,097.91	313,242.02	161,534.32	194,106.20	293,353.78
6	293,510.36	400,677.35	520,937.99	157,886.18	166,097.91	313,242.02	161,534.32	194,106.20	293,353.78
7	335,596.92	442,763.92	557,442.90	182,840.41	190,910.36	338,338.03	186,488.54	218,918.64	318,449.79

Table 16: Energy Use Intensity Comparison (School)

Climate Zone	Baseline for PVC Good, Better and TPO Good (kBTU / sqft)	Baseline for TPO Better (kBTU / sqft)	Baseline for PVC and TPO Best (kBTU / sqft)	PVC Good (kBTU / sqft)	PVC Better (kBTU / sqft)	PVC Best (kBTU / sqft)	TPO Good (kBTU / sqft)	TPO Better (kBTU / sqft)	TPO Best (kBTU / sqft)
2	27.07	27.10	27.07	27.15	27.15	27.15	27.15	27.18	27.15
3	26.24	26.25	26.23	26.27	26.27	26.27	26.27	26.28	26.27
4	27.53	27.43	27.54	27.53	27.53	27.50	27.53	27.41	27.50
5	31.20	31.02	31.22	31.20	31.20	31.14	31.20	30.98	31.14
6	33.89	33.66	33.92	33.89	33.89	33.81	33.89	33.53	33.81
7	38.82	38.60	38.95	38.63	38.63	38.56	38.63	38.38	38.56

### **Retail**

Table 17: Embodied Carbon Comparison (Retail)

Climate Zone	Baseline for PVC Good, Better and TPO Good (kgCO2e)	Baseline for TPO Better (kgCO2e)	Baseline for PVC and TPO Best (kgCO2e)	PVC Good (kgCO2e)	PVC Better (kgCO2e)	PVC Best (kgCO2e)	TPO Good (kgCO2e)	TPO Better (kgCO2e)	TPO Best (kgCO2e)
2	50,189.00	71,018.35	94,156.09	30,687.31	32,283.37	60,882.81	31,396.37	37,727.15	57,017.26
3	50,189.00	71,018.35	94,156.09	30,687.31	32,283.37	60,882.81	31,396.37	37,727.15	57,017.26
4	57,047.69	77,877.04	101,251.32	30,687.31	32,283.37	60,882.81	31,396.37	37,727.15	57,017.26
5	57,047.69	77,877.04	101,251.32	30,687.31	32,283.37	60,882.81	31,396.37	37,727.15	57,017.26
6	57,047.69	77,877.04	101,251.32	30,687.31	32,283.37	60,882.81	31,396.37	37,727.15	57,017.26
7	65,227.78	86,057.13	108,346.54	35,537.50	37,106.00	65,760.55	36,246.56	42,549.79	61,895.01

Table 18: Energy Use Intensity Comparison (Retail)

Climate Zone	Baseline for PVC Good, Better and TPO Good (kBTU / sqft)	Baseline for TPO Better (kBTU / sqft)	Baseline for PVC and TPO Best (kBTU / sqft)	PVC Good (kBTU / sqft)	PVC Better (kBTU / sqft)	PVC Best (kBTU / sqft)	TPO Good (kBTU / sqft)	TPO Better (kBTU / sqft)	TPO Best (kBTU / sqft)
2	26.09	25.98	26.10	25.86	25.86	25.83	25.86	25.77	25.83
3	26.30	26.09	26.33	25.84	25.84	25.79	25.84	25.66	25.79
4	34.05	33.72	34.08	35.18	35.18	35.07	35.18	33.64	35.07
5	40.71	40.43	40.93	40.71	40.71	40.55	40.71	40.33	40.55
6	45.17	44.75	45.33	45.17	45.17	44.99	45.17	44.52	44.99
7	53.27	52.81	53.58	52.84	52.84	52.68	52.84	52.32	52.68

### Warehouse

Table 19: Embodied Carbon Comparison (Warehouse)

Climate Zone	Baseline for PVC Good, Better and TPO Good (kgCO2e)	Baseline for TPO Better (kgCO2e)	Baseline for PVC and TPO Best (kgCO2e)	PVC Good (kgCO2e)	PVC Better (kgCO2e)	PVC Best (kgCO2e)	TPO Good (kgCO2e)	TPO Better (kgCO2e)	TPO Best (kgCO2e)
2	100,570.66	142,309.32	188,673.62	61,492.41	64,690.66	121,999.32	62,913.26	75,599.13	114,253.39
3	100,570.66	142,309.32	188,673.62	61,492.41	64,690.66	121,999.32	62,913.26	75,599.13	114,253.39
4	114,314.37	156,053.03	202,891.30	61,492.41	64,690.66	121,999.32	62,913.26	75,599.13	114,253.39
5	114,314.37	156,053.03	202,891.30	61,492.41	64,690.66	121,999.32	62,913.26	75,599.13	114,253.39
6	114,314.37	156,053.03	202,891.30	61,492.41	64,690.66	121,999.32	62,913.26	75,599.13	114,253.39
7	130,705.96	172,444.61	217,108.99	71,211.41	74,354.44	131,773.54	72,632.26	85,262.91	124,027.61

Table 20: Energy Use Intensity Comparison (Warehouse)

Climate Zone	Baseline for PVC Good, Better and TPO Good (kBTU / sqft)	Baseline for TPO Better (kBTU / sqft)	Baseline for PVC and TPO Best (kBTU / sqft)	PVC Good (kBTU / sqft)	PVC Better (kBTU / sqft)	PVC Best (kBTU / sqft)	TPO Good (kBTU / sqft)	TPO Better (kBTU / sqft)	TPO Best (kBTU / sqft)
2	12.47	12.32	12.48	12.15	12.15	12.11	12.15	12.02	12.11
3	15.20	14.91	15.23	14.58	14.58	14.51	14.58	14.33	14.51
4	20.71	20.38	20.75	20.71	20.71	20.60	20.71	20.30	20.60
5	25.19	24.79	25.24	25.19	25.19	25.05	25.19	24.69	25.05
6	28.67	28.19	28.72	28.67	28.67	28.50	28.67	28.08	28.50
7	34.41	33.95	34.67	34.01	34.01	33.87	34.01	33.48	33.87



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